

Amiloride / Hydrochlorothiazide Formulation

Version Revision Date: SDS Number: Date of last issue: 04/09/2022 6.6 10/01/2022 42677-00020 Date of first issue: 01/05/2015

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Amiloride / Hydrochlorothiazide Formulation

Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc

Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue

Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065

Telephone : 908-740-4000 Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000

E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 1 (Kidney, Parathyroid gland)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Kidney, Parathyroid gland)

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor if you feel

unwell. Rinse mouth.

P314 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.



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Other hazards

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

| Chemical name | Common Name/Synonym | CAS-No. | Concentration (% w/w) |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------|-----------------------|
| Hydrochlorothiazide | No data availa- ble | 58-93-5 | >= 10 - < 30 * |
| Starch | Sago starch | 9005-25-8 | >= 10 - < 30 * |
| Amiloride | No data availa- ble | 17440-83-4 | >= 1 - < 5 * |

^{*} Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty

of water.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water.

Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do

so by medical personnel. Get medical attention.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Harmful if swallowed.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

delayed exposure.

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of

the skin.

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray



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> Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient

concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a

potential dust explosion hazard.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides

Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Chlorine compounds

Sulfur oxides Metal oxides

Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment.

> Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces

with compressed air).

Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE



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Technical measures Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust

causing an explosion.

Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding

and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation Use only with adequate ventilation. Advice on safe handling Do not breathe dust.

Do not swallow.

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Materials to avoid

Strong oxidizing agents

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

| Components | CAS-No. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters / Permissible concentration | Basis |
|---------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Hydrochlorothiazide | 58-93-5 | TWA | 100 μg/m3 (OEB 2) | Internal |
| Starch | 9005-25-8 | TWA | 10 mg/m ³ | CA AB OEL |
| | | TWA (Total | 10 mg/m ³ | CA BC OEL |
| | | dust) | | |
| | | TWA (respirable dust fraction) | 3 mg/m³ | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWAEV (to- tal dust) | 10 mg/m ³ | CA QC OEL |
| | | TWA | 10 mg/m ³ | ACGIH |
| Amiloride | 17440-83-4 | TWA | 100 μg/m³ | Internal |

Engineering measures Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to

compound.

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to



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protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or

exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the

recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Particulates type

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions,

mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.

Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or

aerosols.

Skin and body protection

Hygiene measures

Work uniform or laboratory coat.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the

working place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the

use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : powder

Color : pale red-brown

Odor : odorless

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

No data available

Flash point : No data available

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

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Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper : No data available



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flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

No data available Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density No data available

Relative density No data available

Density No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Autoignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic No data available

Viscosity, kinematic No data available

Explosive properties Not explosive

Oxidizing properties The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight 302.10 g/mol

Particle size No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Not classified as a reactivity hazard. Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,

handling or other means.

Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation. Oxidizing agents

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.



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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,785 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,750 mg/kg

LD50 (Mouse): > 2,830 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of :

administration)

LD50 (Rat): 990 mg/kg

Application Route: Intravenous

LD50 (Mouse): 590 mg/kg Application Route: Intravenous

Starch:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Amiloride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 56 mg/kg

LD50 (Rat): > 150 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Amiloride:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild skin irritation Remarks : slight irritation



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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Mild eye irritation

Starch:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Amiloride:

Species : Rabbit

Remarks : Severe eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: negative

Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Test Type: in vitro test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells



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Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Chinese hamster Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Test Type: in vivo assay

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Starch:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Amiloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Mouse, female

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Mouse, male

Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : equivocal

Species : Rat, male and female

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 Years Result : negative

Amiloride:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 92 weeks

10 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Species : Mouse



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Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 104 weeks
: 8 mg/kg bw/day

Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: oral (feed)

Fertility: NOAEL: 4 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on fertility.

Test Type: Fertility

Species: Mouse, male and female Application Route: oral (feed)

Fertility: NOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight

Result: Effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Oral

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight

Result: No teratogenic effects.

Amiloride:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit Application Route: Oral

Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic

development were detected.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral

Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic

development were detected.

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Kidney, Parathyroid gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.



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Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Target Organs : Kidney, Parathyroid gland

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Species : Rat, male and female

LOAEL : 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 y

Target Organs : Kidney, Parathyroid gland

Species : Mouse, male and female

NOAEL : 300 - 550 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 2 y

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Dog

50 - 200 mg/kg

Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 9 Months

Target Organs : Parathyroid gland

Starch:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Eye contact : Symptoms: Eye irritation

Ingestion : Symptoms: Dizziness, Headache, Fatigue, Nausea, Ab-

dominal pain, hypotension, dry mouth, electrolyte imbalance,



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eye pain

Amiloride:

Ingestion : Symptoms: hyperkalemia

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Amiloride:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 56.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Hydrochlorothiazide:

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 46.2 %(96 h)

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good



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IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user

Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International



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Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to

compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

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