SAFETY DATA SHEET according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formulation

Version 3.12  Revision Date: 2021/10/12  SDS Number: 438898-00015  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company: MSD
Address: 199 Wenhai North Road
HEDA, Hangzhou - Zhejiang Province - CHINA  310018
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 86-571-87268110
E-mail address: EHSDATASEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

| Appearance | powder |
| Colour | No data available |
| Odour | No data available |

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

GHS Classification

Respiratory sensitisation: Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 1
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Date of first issue: 2016/01/06
Hazard statements:
- H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:
- Prevention:
  - P260 Do not breathe dust.
  - P273 Avoid release to the environment.
  - P284 Wear respiratory protection.
- Response:
  - P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
  - P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
  - P391 Collect spillage.
- Disposal:
  - P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Physical and chemical hazards:
Not classified based on available information.

Health hazards:
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazards:
Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ceftolozane</td>
<td>689293-68-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tazobactam</td>
<td>89786-04-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium chloride</td>
<td>7647-14-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice:
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-
vice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled
: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
: If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
: If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
: Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact
: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
: Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact
: If in eyes, rinse well with water.
: Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed
: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
: Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
: Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).
: Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
: Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders
: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician
: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media
: Water spray
: Alcohol-resistant foam
: Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media
: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting
: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products
: Carbon oxides
: Metal oxides
: Chlorine compounds
: Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods
: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
: Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do
SAFETY DATA SHEET
generated by GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formula-
tion

Version 3.12
Revision Date: 2021/10/12
SDS Number: 438898-00015
Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2016/01/06

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
- Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Technical measures:
- Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
- Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
- Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not breathe dust.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Already sensitised individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.
- Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
- Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact: Oxidizing agents

Storage

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material: Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ceftolozane</td>
<td>689293-68-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1000 µg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: DSEN, RSEN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tazobactam</td>
<td>89786-04-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>250 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: RSEN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type
Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Hand protection Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the work-
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formula-
tion

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</tbody>
</table>

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of
equipment controls, proper personal protective equipment,
appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures,
industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the
use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Flammability (solid, gas)        | May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, han-
dling or other means.|
| Flammability (liquids)           | No data available|
| Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit | No data available |
| Vapour pressure                  | No data available|
| Relative vapour density          | No data available|
| Relative density                 | No data available|
| Density                          | No data available|
| Solubility(ies)                  |                  |
| Water solubility                 | No data available|
| Partition coefficient: n-        | No data available|
Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formulation

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes: Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Ceftolozane:
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): > 1,500 mg/kg
Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formulation

Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Dog): > 2,000 mg/kg

Tazobactam:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Dog): > 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Sodium chloride:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3,550 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 42 mg/l
Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Sodium chloride:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Sodium chloride:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitisation
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Ceftolozane:
- Test Type: Maximisation Test
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: Sensitiser

Tazobactam:
- Result: Sensitiser

Sodium chloride:
- Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- Exposure routes: Skin contact
- Species: Mouse
- Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ceftolozane:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: positive
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: negative

Tazobactam:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

Sodium chloride:
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Saccharomyces cerevisiae, gene mutation assay (in vitro)
  Result: positive
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: negative

- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Result: positive
Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sodium chloride:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ceftolozane:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Fertility: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 2,000 mg/kg body weight
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Tazobactam:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Fertility: NOAEL: 640 mg/kg body weight

Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on early embryonic development

Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formula-
tion

Species: Rat
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3,000 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on foetal development

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Ceftolozane:
Target Organs: Kidney
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Tazobactam:
Target Organs: Liver
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ceftolozane:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
Exposure time: 28 days
Target Organs: Kidney
Symptoms: No adverse effects

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 300 mg/kg
Exposure time: 28 days
Target Organs: Kidney

Tazobactam:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
Exposure time: 6 Months
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg
LOAEL: 80 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formulation

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<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2016/01/06</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Exposure time: 6 Months
Target Organs: Liver

Sodium chloride:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 2,533 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 yr

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Ceftolozane:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Diarrhoea, Fever, Headache, Nausea, Skin irritation, Gastrointestinal discomfort

Tazobactam:
Inhalation: Remarks: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Ceftolozane:
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.0401 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.0018 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10
Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
## Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formulation

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</tbody>
</table>

### Tazobactam:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Endpoint Description</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</strong></td>
<td>EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.96 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NOEC</strong> (Anabaena flos-aquae): 0.44 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</strong></td>
<td>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 10.6 mg/l</td>
<td>32 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</strong></td>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to microorganisms</strong></td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 1,000 mg/l</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>NOEC</strong>: 1,000 mg/l</td>
<td>Exposure time: 3 h</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)**: 1

### Sodium chloride:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Endpoint Description</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to fish</strong></td>
<td>LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 5,840 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</strong></td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,136 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</strong></td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 2,000 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</strong></td>
<td>NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 252 mg/l</td>
<td>33 d</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 314 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC10: > 1,000 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Ceftolozane:
- Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Tazobactam:
- Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Ceftolozane:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.21

Tazobactam:
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.63

Mobility in soil

Components:

Ceftolozane:
- Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.3
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Tazobactam:
- Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 0.87

Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging:
- Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
- If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formula-
tion

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Ceftolozane, Tazobactam)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Ceftolozane, Tazobactam)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Ceftolozane, Tazobactam)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

GB 6944/12268
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Ceftolozane, Tazobactam)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information
Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- AICS : not determined
- DSL : not determined
- IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Date format:
- yyyy:mm:dd

Full text of other abbreviations:

- AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECl - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No
Ceftolozane / Tazobactam Injection Formulation

Version 3.12  Revision Date: 2021/10/12  SDS Number: 438898-00015  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23  Date of first issue: 2016/01/06

1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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