SAFETY DATA SHEET

Clotrimazole / Gentamicin / Betamethasone (0.05%) Formulation

Version 6.3  Revision Date: 23.03.2020  SDS Number: 613788-00012  Date of last issue: 13.09.2019  Date of first issue: 29.04.2016

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Clotrimazole / Gentamicin / Betamethasone (0.05%) Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: 855 Leandro N. Alem St., 8 Floor
Buenos Aires, Argentina  C1001AFB
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland)
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard: Category 2
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements:
H360D May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H401 Toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements:

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response:**
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

**Storage:**
P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture:** Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin oil</td>
<td>8012-95-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated</td>
<td>9004-95-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>clotrimazole</td>
<td>23593-75-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzyl alcohol</td>
<td>100-51-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 0,1 - &lt; 0,25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Betamethasone</td>
<td>378-44-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 0,025 - &lt; 0,1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:** In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty
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</tr>
</thead>
</table>

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

**SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Suitable extinguishing media</th>
<th>Water spray</th>
<th>Alcohol-resistant foam</th>
<th>Carbon dioxide (CO2)</th>
<th>Dry chemical</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unsuitable extinguishing media</td>
<td>None known.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

**SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:

- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:

- If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:

- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:

- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:

- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents
  - Organic peroxides
  - Explosives
  - Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>CMP (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Sampled by a method which</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>does not include vapour, lung</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>CMP - CPT (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Further information: lung

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</th>
<th>5 mg/m³</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin oil 8012-95-1</td>
<td>CMP (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Sampled by a method which does not include vapour, lung</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CMP - CPT (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AR OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: lung</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</th>
<th>5 mg/m³</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>clotrimazole 23593-75-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin 1403-66-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Betamethasone 378-44-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Skin

| Wipe limit | 10 µg/100 cm² | Internal |

**Engineering measures**

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Essentially no open handling permitted. Use closed processing systems or containment technologies. If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**

If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type**

- Combined particulates and organic vapor type

**Hand protection**

- Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**

- Consider double gloving.
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Eye protection**

- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
## Hygiene measures

Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility (ies)</td>
<td>Water solubility</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
- Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method
- Acute dermal toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Components:
Petrolatum:
## Acute oral toxicity

- **LD50 (Rat):** > 5,000 mg/kg
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 401
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

## Acute dermal toxicity

- **LD50 (Rat):** > 2,000 mg/kg
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 402
- **Assessment:** The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Paraffin oil:

- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

### Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:

- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): 2,500 mg/kg

### Clotrimazole:

- **Acute oral toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Rat): 708 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 761 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Rabbit): > 1,000 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity:**
  - LC50 (Rat): > 0,73 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 4 h
    - Test atmosphere: dust/mist

- **Acute dermal toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Mouse): 923 mg/kg

### Benzyl alcohol:

- **Acute oral toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Rat): 1,620 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity:**
  - LC50 (Rat): > 4,178 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 4 h
    - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
    - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 403

### Gentamicin:

- **Acute oral toxicity:**
  - LD50 (Rat): 8,000 - 10,000 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 10,000 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity:**
  - LC50 (Rat): > 0,2 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 4 h
    - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
    - **Remarks:** No mortality observed at this dose.
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
LD50 (Rat): 67 - 96 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
LD50 (Rat): 371 - 384 mg/kg
Application Route: Intramuscular
LDLo (Monkey): 30 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous

Betamethasone:
Acute oral toxicity:
LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 4,500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
LC50 (Rat): 0.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Paraffin oil:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

clotrimazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Gentamicin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

Betamethasone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Paraffin oil:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Clotrimazole:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Gentamicin:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

Betamethasone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Test Type: Buehler Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzyl alcohol:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

Gentamicin:
Remarks: No data available

Betamethasone:
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Weak sensitizer

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

clotrimazole:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Mammalian spermatogonial chromosome aberration test (in vivo)</td>
<td>Hamster</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Benzyl alcohol:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro:** Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vivo:** Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Result: negative

**Gentamicin:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro:** Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Result: equivocal
- **Genotoxicity in vivo:** Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Intravenous injection Result: negative

**Betamethasone:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro:** Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES) Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Result: positive
- **Genotoxicity in vivo:** Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Application Route: Oral Result: equivocal
Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

clotrimazole:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 78 weeks
Result: negative

Benzyl alcohol:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Method: OECD Test Guideline 451
Result: negative

Gentamicin:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

clotrimazole:
### Effects on fertility

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Effects on fertility.

### Effects on fetal development

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., No teratogenic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 200 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fetal development.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 180 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fetal development.

### Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

### Benzyl alcohol:

#### Effects on fertility

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### Effects on fetal development

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

### Gentamicin:

#### Effects on fertility

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Fertility: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No significant adverse effects were reported
Effects on fetal development:

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  **Species:** Rabbit
  **Application Route:** Intraperitoneal
  **Developmental Toxicity:** NOAEL: 3.6 mg/kg body weight
  **Result:** No embryo-fetal toxicity.

  **Species:** Rat
  **Application Route:** Intraperitoneal
  **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
  **Result:** Embryo-fetal toxicity.

  **Species:** Mouse
  **Application Route:** Intraperitoneal
  **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  **Result:** Fetal mortality., No malformations were observed.

  **Species:** Rat
  **Application Route:** Intraperitoneal
  **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
  **Result:** Fetal mortality., No malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:

- **Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.**

**Betamethasone:**

Effects on fetal development:

- **Species:** Rabbit
  **Application Route:** Intramuscular
  **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg body weight
  **Result:** Fetotoxicity., Malformations were observed.

- **Species:** Rat
  **Application Route:** Subcutaneous
  **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 0.42 mg/kg body weight
  **Result:** Malformations were observed.

- **Species:** Mouse
  **Application Route:** Intramuscular
  **Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
  **Result:** Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:

- **Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.**

**STOT-single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
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Components:

Clotrimazole:
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Gentamicin:
Target Organs: Kidney, inner ear
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Betamethasone:
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle, thymus gland, Blood, Adrenal gland
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 y

Paraffin oil:
Species: Rat, female
LOAEL: 161 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

clotrimazole:
Species: Rabbit
LOAEL: 5 - 40 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 3 Weeks
Target Organs: Skin
Symptoms: Edema, Fissuring, Necrosis, Redness

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, Adrenal gland

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 25 mg/kg
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Clotrimazole / Gentamicin / Betamethasone (0.05%) Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Oral</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>6 - 12 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Adrenal gland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>Salivation, Lachrymation, Vomiting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Benzyl alcohol:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>1,072 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>inhalation (dust/mist/fume)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>28 Days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 412</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Gentamicin:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>3 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>12 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Kidney</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>Vomiting, Salivation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Monkey</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Subcutaneous</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>3 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Kidney, inner ear</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Monkey</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>6 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>3 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Blood, Kidney, inner ear, Liver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>5 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>10 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>52 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Kidney, Blood</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>12.5 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Intramuscular</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>13 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Kidney</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Betamethasone:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>0.05 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>10 - 30 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Immune system, muscle
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.05%
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 8 Weeks
Target Organs: thymus gland
Species: Mouse
LOAEL: 0.1%
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 8 Weeks
Target Organs: thymus gland
Species: Dog
LOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 28 d
Target Organs: Blood, thymus gland, Adrenal gland

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Paraffin oil:
The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Experience with human exposure
Components:
clotrimazole:
Skin contact: Symptoms: Rash, Itching, Blistering, Edema, Redness
Ingestion: Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhea
Gentamicin:
Ingestion: Target Organs: Kidney
Target Organs: inner ear
Symptoms: Dizziness, Vertigo, hearing loss, tinnitus, fetal deafness
Betamethasone:
Inhalation: Target Organs: Adrenal gland
Skin contact: Symptoms: Redness, pruritis, Irritation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity
Components:
Petrolatum:
Toxicity to fish:

- **LL50** (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- **EC50** (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10.000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- **NOEL** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- **NOEC** (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Paraffin Oil:

Toxicity to fish:

- **LL50** (Scophthalmus maximus (turbot)): > 1.028 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- **EL50** (Acartia tonsa): > 3.193 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- **EL50** (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 3.200 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  - **NOELR** (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 993 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 72 h
    - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
    - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:

Toxicity to fish:

- **LC50**: > 1 - 10 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- **EC50**: > 1 - 10 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50: > 10 - 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

cloztrimazole:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 0,29 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,02 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0,268 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 0,017 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0,025 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0,01 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 10.000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Benzyl alcohol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 460 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 230 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 770 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 310 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 51 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

**Gentamicin:**

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 86 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

LC50 (Americamysis): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,5 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 4,7 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 1,6 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1

Toxicity to microorganisms:

EC50: 288,7 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Betamethasone:**

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Americamysis): > 50 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 34 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Clotrimazole / Gentamicin / Betamethasone (0.05%) Formulation


mg/l  Exposure time: 72 h  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.052 mg/l  Exposure time: 32 d  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.07 µg/l  Exposure time: 219 d  Method: OECD Test Guideline 229

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 8 mg/l  Exposure time: 21 d  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1.000

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Petrolatum:

Paraffin oil:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  Biodegradation: 82 %  Exposure time: 24 d  Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Hexadecan-1-ol. Ethoxylated:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  Biodegradation: > 99 %  Exposure time: 19 d

Clotrimazole:
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 50 % (242 d)

Benzyl alcohol:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.  Biodegradation: 92 - 96 %  Exposure time: 14 d
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Clotrimazole / Gentamicin / Betamethasone (0.05%) Formulation

Gentamicin:
Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:
Benzyl alcohol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1,05
Gentamicin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: < -2
Betamethasone:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2,11

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
(betamethasone, clotrimazole)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.
(Betamethasone, clotrimazole)
Class : 9
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Clotrimazole / Gentamicin / Betamethasone (0.05%) Formulation

Version 6.3 Revision Date: 23.03.2020 SDS Number: 613788-00012 Date of last issue: 13.09.2019

Date of first issue 29.04.2016

Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3082
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Betamethasone, clotrimazole)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Argentina. Carcinogenic Substances and Agents Registry. : Not applicable
Control of precursors and essential chemicals for the preparation of drugs. : Not applicable

International Regulations
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.