Section 1: Identification

Product name: Corifollitropin Alfa Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908
Upper Hutt - New Zealand
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification
Reproductive toxicity: Repr.1B

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H360F May damage fertility.
Precautionary statements:
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage:
P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste
disposal plant.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**
None known.

### Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance / Mixture**: Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sucrose</td>
<td>57-50-1</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corifollitropin Alfa</td>
<td>195962-23-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.01 -&lt; 0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Section 4: First-aid measures

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled**: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**: May damage fertility.

**Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**: None known.

**Specific hazards during firefighting**: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

**Hazardous combustion products**: Carbon oxides
Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers). Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye
flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

## Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sucrose</td>
<td>57-50-1</td>
<td>WES-TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corifollitropin Alfa</td>
<td>195962-23-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>8 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>80 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Engineering measures:
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
- Essentially no open handling permitted.
- Use closed processing systems or containment technologies.
- If handled in a laboratory, use a properly designed biosafety cabinet, fume hood, or other containment device if the potential exists for aerosolization. If this potential does not exist, handle over lined trays or benchtops.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

  - Filter type: Particulates type

#### Hand protection
- Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

#### Eye protection
- Remarks: Consider double gloving.
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

- **Appearance**: Aqueous solution
- **Colour**: No data available
- **Odour**: No data available
- **Odour Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: No data available
- **Evaporation rate**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (liquids)**: No data available
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
- **Vapour pressure**: No data available
- **Relative vapour density**: No data available
- **Relative density**: No data available
- **Density**: No data available
- **Solubility(ies)**
  - **Water solubility**: No data available
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not applicable
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: No data available
- **Decomposition temperature**: No data available
Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size : Not applicable

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Exposure routes : Inhalation

Skin contact

Ingestion

Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sucrose:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 29,700 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.
**Components:**

**Sucrose:**
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative

**Corifollitropin Alfa:**
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: negative  
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Test system: human lymphoblastoid cells  
Method: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Rat  
Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)  
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity**  
Not classified based on available information.

**Reproductive toxicity**  
May damage fertility.

**Components:**

**Corifollitropin Alfa:**
Effects on fertility: Species: Rat  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Duration of Single Treatment: 2 d  
Fertility: LOAEL: 2 µg/kg  
Result: Superovulation

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.8 µg/kg  
Result: Postimplantation loss.  
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action is not relevant in humans.

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.9 µg/kg  
Result: Teratogenic potential, Postimplantation loss.  
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action is not relevant in humans.
### Reproductive toxicity - Assessment
Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

### STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

### STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

**Corifollitropin Alfa:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>0.000164 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Subcutaneous</td>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>13 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Reproductive organs, Endocrine system</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog</th>
<th>LOAEL</th>
<th>0.00041 mg/kg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Subcutaneous</td>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>39 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Endocrine system, Reproductive organs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Experience with human exposure

#### Components:

**Corifollitropin Alfa:**

| Ingestion                      | Symptoms: Nausea, Headache, Fatigue, breast tenderness |

### Section 12: Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity
No data available

#### Persistence and degradability
No data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Components:

**Sucrose:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</th>
<th>Pow: &lt; 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### Mobility in soil
No data available
Other adverse effects
No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
  If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

**International Regulations**
- UNRTDG: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- IATA-DGR: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- IMDG-Code: Not regulated as a dangerous good
  - Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
    Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations**
- NZS 5433: Not regulated as a dangerous good

Section 15: Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

- **HSNO Approval Number**
  - HSR100425 Pharmaceutical Active Ingredients Group Standard 2017

- **HSW Controls**
  - Certified handler certificate not required.
  - Tracking hazardous substance not required.
  - Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**
- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
- **IECSC**: not determined
Section 16: Other information

Further information

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NZ OEL: New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-TWA: Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.
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