1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Desloratadine Solid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : MSD
Address : 50 Tuas West Drive
       : Singapore - Singapore 638408
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1
Carcinogenicity (Inhalation) : Category 2
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements :
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary statements :
Prevention: P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
              P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
              P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Desloratadine Solid Formulation

Response:
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cellulose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Talc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms: Causes serious eye damage.
and effects, both acute and delayed

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Protection of first-aiders

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting

Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon oxides
Metal oxides
Oxides of phosphorus

Specific extinguishing methods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>PEL (long term)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>SG OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
<td>100643-71-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>PEL (long term)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>SG OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Titanium dioxide | 13463-67-7 | PEL (long term) | 10 mg/m³ | SG OEL
| | | TWA | 10 mg/m³ (Titanium dioxide) | ACGIH

Engineering measures: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Apply measures to prevent dust explosions. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.
If splashes are likely to occur, wear:
Face-shield

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: powder
Colour: white
Odour: No data available
Odour Threshold: No data available
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Desloratadine Solid Formulation

Version 2.10
Revision Date: 23.03.2020
SDS Number: 49988-00013
Date of last issue: 13.09.2019
Date of first issue: 23.01.2015

pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity: Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Desloratadine:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 549 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 353 mg/kg
LD50 (Monkey): > 250 mg/kg
Symptoms: Vomiting
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Talc:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Desloratadine:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Talc:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation:
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Desloratadine:
Species: Rabbit
Remarks: Severe eye irritation

Talc:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Skin sensitisation:
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation:
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Desloratadine:
- **Test Type**: Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes**: Dermal
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative

Talc:
- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Humans
- **Result**: negative

Titanium dioxide:
- **Test Type**: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Exposure routes**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Result**: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**:
  - **Test Type**: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
  - **Test Type**: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Result: negative

Desloratadine:
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**:
  - **Test Type**: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
  - **Test Type**: Chromosomal aberration
    - **Test system**: Human lymphocytes
    - Result: negative

Talc:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

Components:

Cellulose:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 72 weeks
- Result: negative

Desloratadine:
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative
- Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
  Result: equivocal
  Target Organs: Liver
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Talc:
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:
Cellulose:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Desloratadine:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 12 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced fertility
Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, female
Fertility: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 9 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Preimplantation loss, Reduced body weight
Result: Specific developmental abnormalities
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be rele-
Test Type: Two-generation study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No adverse effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Talc:  
Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

STOT - single exposure  
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure  
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cellulose:  
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 90 Days

Desloratadine:  
Species: Rat  
LOAEL: 30 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 3 Months  
Target Organs: Kidney  
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing  
The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species: Monkey  
NOAEL: 6 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 12 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 3 Months  
Target Organs: Central nervous system  
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

Species: Monkey
NOAEL : 40 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 17 Months  
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Monkey  
NOAEL : 6 mg/kg  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 3 Months  
Symptoms : Gastrointestinal disturbance, Fatigue

Titanium dioxide:
Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 24,000 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 28 Days

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 10 mg/m3  
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time : 2 yr

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Desloratadine:
Inhalation : Remarks: May cause respiratory tract irritation.  
Eye contact : Symptoms: Eye irritation  
Ingestion : Symptoms: dry mouth, muscle pain, Fatigue, Drowsiness, sore throat, painful menstration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Desloratadine:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 9.2 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Tested Substance</th>
<th>EC50 (mg/l)</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FDA 4.08</td>
<td>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))</td>
<td>0.36</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)</td>
<td>0.12</td>
<td>32 d</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
<td>0.48</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td>Natural microorganism</td>
<td>53.7</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>Respiration inhibition</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td>Natural microorganism</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>Respiration inhibition</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
<td>Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)</td>
<td>&gt; 100</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
<td>Daphnia magna (Water flea)</td>
<td>&gt; 100</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td>Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)</td>
<td>&gt; 100</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 1,000</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Talc:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 100,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 24 h

**Titanium dioxide:**
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**
  - EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Desloratadine: Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 67.4 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: FDA 3.11

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: < 10 % at50 °C(5 d)
Method: FDA 3.09

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Mobility in soil

Components:

Desloratadine: Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 3.00
Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Desloratadine Solid Formulation

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations : Not applicable

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations : Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
SG OEL : Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health Act - First Schedule Permissible Exposure Limits of Toxic Substances

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
SG OEL / PEL (long term) : Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Long Term

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule;
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### Desloratadine Solid Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.10</td>
<td>23.03.2020</td>
<td>49988-00013</td>
<td>13.09.2019</td>
<td>23.01.2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PIICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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