SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: 26 Talavera Road, Talavera Corp Centre, Macquarie Park, New South Wales, 2113 Australia
Telephone: (61)-02-8988-8000
Emergency telephone number: (61)-02-8988-8000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation): Category 1 (Cardio-vascular system)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. H372 Causes damage to organs (Cardio-vascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements
Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response:
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 -&lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bis[(S-(R*,R*)]-[β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate</td>
<td>7460-12-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 -&lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disodium EDTA, dihydrate</td>
<td>6381-92-6</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
<td>77-92-9</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
<td>100643-71-8</td>
<td>&lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

Version 2.2  Revision Date: 09/13/2019  SDS Number: 2095132-00007  Date of last issue: 15.05.2019  Date of first issue: 23.10.2017

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
Hazardous combustion products: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate decontamination and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and &lt; 1% crystalline silica</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-{(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate</td>
<td>7460-12-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>AU OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and &lt; 1% crystalline silica</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
<td>100643-71-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection:
Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Consider double gloving.
Eye protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection : Work uniform or laboratory coat.
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : solid
Colour : white, blue
Odour : No data available
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapour density : Not applicable
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
  : Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature
  : No data available

Decomposition temperature
  : No data available

Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties
  : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties
  : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size
  : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
  : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability
  : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
  : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid
  : None known.

Incompatible materials
  : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products
  : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes
  : Skin contact
    Ingestion
    Eye contact

Acute toxicity
  Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity
  : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
    Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity
  : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
    Exposure time: 4 h
    Test atmosphere: dust/mist
    Method: Calculation method

Components:

Cellulose:

Acute oral toxicity
  : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Bis\[S-(R^*,R^*)\]-\((\beta\-hydroxy-\alpha\-methylphenethyl)methylammonium\] sulphate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 660 mg/kg
  LD50 (Mouse): 371 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2.37 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Silicon dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2.08 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,800 mg/kg
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 6 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 412
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Desloratadine:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 549 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 353 mg/kg
LD50 (Monkey): > 250 mg/kg
Symptoms: Vomiting
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Silicon dioxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Citric acid:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Desloratadine:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**Silicon dioxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Desloratadine:
Species: Rabbit
Remarks: Severe eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Remarks: No data available

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Desloratadine:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Chronic toxicity
Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

**Genotoxicity in vivo**
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

**Bis[[S-[R*,R*]]-(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
    - Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
  - Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
    - Result: negative
    - Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

**Genotoxicity in vivo**
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Silicon dioxide:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
    - Result: negative

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - Result: negative
    - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
    - Species: Mouse
    - Application Route: Ingestion
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
    - Result: negative
    - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Citric acid:**
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Result: negative
Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test  
Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo  
: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Desloratadine:  
Genotoxicity in vitro  
: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Test system: Human lymphocytes  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo  
: Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Mouse  
Cell type: Bone marrow  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:  
Species : Rat  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 72 weeks  
Result : negative

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:  
Species : Rat  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Mouse  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Silicon dioxide:
Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Desloratadine:
Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
LOAEL : 10 mg/kg body weight
Result : equivocal
Target Organs : Liver
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Cellulose:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 80 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: male reproductive effects

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Silicon dioxide:

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

Desloratadine:

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Fertility
  - Species: Rat, male
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Fertility: LOAEL: 12 mg/kg body weight
  - Symptoms: Reduced fertility
  - Result: positive
  - Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

- Test Type: Fertility
  - Species: Rat, female
  - Fertility: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
  - Symptoms: No effects on fertility
  - Result: negative
Effects on foetal development:

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 9 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Preimplantation loss, Reduced body weight
Result: Specific developmental abnormalities
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Causes damage to organs (Cardio-vascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Components:
Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Exposure routes: Ingestion, Inhalation
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Cardio-vascular system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Respiratory Tract
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.02 to 0.2 mg/l/6h/d.

Repeated dose toxicity
Components:
Cellulose:
SAFETY DATA SHEET
Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>09/13/2019</td>
<td>2095132-00007</td>
<td>15.05.2019</td>
<td>23.10.2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>NOAEL</th>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Exposure time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;= 9,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>90 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**
Remarks: No data available

**Silicon dioxide:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1.3 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 13 Weeks

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.03 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Citric acid:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL: 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 10 Days

**Desloratadine:**
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Kidney
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing
The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 6 mg/kg
LOAEL: 12 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance
Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 17 Months
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 6 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Fatigue

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Bis[S-(R*,R*)]- (β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Inhalation: Remarks: May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Eye contact: Remarks: May irritate eyes.
Ingestion: Symptoms: central nervous system effects, tachycardia, Palpitation

Desloratadine:
Inhalation: Remarks: May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Eye contact: Symptoms: Eye irritation
Ingestion: Symptoms: dry mouth, muscle pain, Fatigue, Drowsiness, sore throat, painful menstration

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Silicon dioxide:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 159 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 140 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

TOXICITY TO ALGAE/AQUATIC PLANTS:
NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 25.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 35 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: < 500 mg/l
Exposure time: 0.5 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

Desloratadine:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 9.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: FDA 4.11
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: FDA 4.08

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.36 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.12 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.48 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (Natural microorganism): 53.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
NOEC (Natural microorganism): 12 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cellulose:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Biodegradability: Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 80 - 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Desloratadine:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 67.4 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: FDA 3.11

Stability in water: Hydrolysis: < 10 % at 50 °C (5 d)
Method: FDA 3.09

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-[β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl]methylammonium] sulphate:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.89

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
Bioaccumulation:
Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.8
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -4.3

**Citric acid:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.72

**Desloratadine:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.24
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Mobility in soil

Components:

**Desloratadine:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.00
Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements: There is no applicable prohibition or notification/licensing requirements, including for carcinogens under Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS: not determined

DSL: not determined

IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Revision Date: 09/13/2019


Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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