SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

Version 2.3  Revision Date: 2020/03/23  SDS Number: 2095116-00008  Date of last issue: 2019/09/13

Date of first issue: 2017/10/23

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: 199 Wenhai North Road
HEDA, Hangzhou - Zhejiang Province - CHINA 310018
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 86-571-87268110
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview
Appearance: solid
Colour: white, blue
Odour: No data available

May be harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 5
Acute toxicity (Inhalation): Category 5
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H303 + H333 May be harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements: Prevention:
Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

Physical and chemical hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Health hazards
May be harmful if swallowed. May be harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 -&lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-{β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl}methylammonium] sulphate</td>
<td>7460-12-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 -&lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disodium EDTA, dihydrate</td>
<td>6381-92-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
<td>77-92-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 -&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
<td>100643-71-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.25 -&lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention.
## 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

| Suitable extinguishing media | Water spray  
|                             | Alcohol-resistant foam  
|                             | Carbon dioxide (CO2)  
|                             | Dry chemical  
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | None known.  
| Specific hazards during firefighting | Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.  
| Hazardous combustion products | Carbon oxides  
|                             | Nitrogen oxides (NOx)  
|                             | Metal oxides  
| Specific extinguishing methods | Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
|                             | Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
|                             | Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
|                             | Evacuate area.  
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.  
|                             | Use personal protective equipment.  

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Use personal protective equipment.  
| Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.  
| Environmental precautions | Discharge into the environment must be avoided.  
| Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
| Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
| Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.  
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.  
| Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items.
employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-
mine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding
certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE
CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling : Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety
practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-
essment
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the
environment.
Avoidance of contact : Oxidizing agents

Storage
Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material : Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>PC-TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>GBZ 2.1-2007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-{(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium}] sulphate</td>
<td>7460-12-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 µg/m3 (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>500 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>PC-TWA (Total dust)</td>
<td>5 mg/m3</td>
<td>GBZ 2.1-2007</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
<td>100643-71-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m3 (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures : All engineering controls should be implemented by facility
design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to
protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds
are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

- **Filter type**: Particulates type
- **Eye/face protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hand protection**

- **Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves
- **Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Hygiene measures**: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>solid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>white, blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapour density : Not applicable
Relative density : No data available
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle size : No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes: Skin contact
                  Ingestion
                  Eye contact

Acute toxicity: May be harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 2,451 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 5.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 660 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 371 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2.37 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Silicon dioxide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2.08 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
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Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,800 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 6 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 412
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Desloratadine:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 549 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 353 mg/kg
LD50 (Monkey): > 250 mg/kg
Symptoms: Vomiting
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Bis[3-(R*,R*)-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethy]methylammonium] sulphate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Silicon dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
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Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-[β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Silicon dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Desloratadine:
Species: Rabbit
Remarks: Severe eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-[β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Remarks: No data available
Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Desloratadine:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Bis[[S-\((R^*, R^*)\)-\((\beta -\text{hydroxy-}\alpha-\text{methylphenethyl})\text{methylammonium}\)] sulphate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: negative
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Silicon dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2095116-00008</td>
<td>2019/09/13</td>
<td>2017/10/23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: negative

**Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate**:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Citric acid**:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
Result: positive

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Desloratadine**:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative
Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**
Species : Rat  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 72 weeks  
Result : negative

**Bis[(S-(R*,R*)]-([β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**
Species : Rat  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Mouse  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Silicon dioxide:**
Species : Rat  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 103 weeks  
Result : negative

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
Species : Rat  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 103 weeks  
Result : negative  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Desloratadine:**
Species : Mouse  
Application Route : Oral  
Exposure time : 2 Years  
Result : negative

Species : Rat  
Application Route : Oral  
LOAEL : 10 mg/kg body weight  
Result : equivocal  
Target Organs : Liver  
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials  
The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.
Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Effects on fertility
: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Effects on fertility
: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 80 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: male reproductive effects

Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 27 mg/kg body weight
Result: No embryotoxic effects have been observed in animal tests.
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

Silicon dioxide:
Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Effects on fertility
: Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development
: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
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Citric acid:
Effects on foetal development: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Desloratadine:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 12 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced fertility
Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, female
Fertility: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 9 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Preimplantation loss, Reduced body weight
Result: Specific developmental abnormalities
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.
STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-[(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:

Exposure routes: Ingestion, Inhalation
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Cardio-vascular system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Respiratory Tract
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.02 to 0.2 mg/l/6h/d.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-[(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Remarks: No data available

Silicon dioxide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1.3 mg/m3
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 13 Weeks

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.03 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Citric acid:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL : 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 10 Days

Desloratadine:
Species : Rat
LOAEL : 30 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Kidney
Remarks : Significant toxicity observed in testing. The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 6 mg/kg
LOAEL : 12 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Target Organs : Central nervous system
Symptoms : Gastrointestinal disturbance

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 40 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 17 Months
Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Monkey
NOAEL : 6 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 3 Months
Symptoms : Gastrointestinal disturbance, Fatigue

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Inhalation : Remarks: May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Eye contact : Remarks: May irritate eyes.
Ingestion : Symptoms: central nervous system effects, tachycardia, Palpitation

Desloratadine:
Inhalation : Remarks: May cause respiratory tract irritation.
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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**
- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- **Exposure time:** 48 h
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Silicon dioxide:**
- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- **Exposure time:** 96 h
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 24 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
- **Exposure time:** 24 h
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:** EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- **Exposure time:** 72 h
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
- **NOEC:** (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
- **Toxicity to fish:** LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 159 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- **Exposure time:** 96 h
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 140 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- **Exposure time:** 48 h
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:** EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- **Exposure time:** 72 h
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
- **NOEC:** (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- **Exposure time:** 72 h
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
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### Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)
- **NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish))**: 25.7 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 35 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)
- **NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea))**: 25 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to microorganisms
- **EC50**: < 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 0.5 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Citric acid:
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - **LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))**: > 100 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 96 h

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - **EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea))**: 1,535 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 24 h

### Desloratadine:
- **Toxicity to fish**
  - **LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish))**: 9.2 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 96 h
    - Method: FDA 4.11

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
  - **EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea))**: 9.6 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 48 h
    - Method: FDA 4.08

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
  - **EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))**: 1.6 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 72 h
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
    - NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.36 mg/l
      - Exposure time: 72 h
      - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
  - **NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))**: 0.12 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 32 d
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
  - **NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea))**: 0.48 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 21 d
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

- **Toxicity to microorganisms**
  - **EC50 (Natural microorganism)**: 53.7 mg/l
    - Exposure time: 3 h
    - Test Type: Respiration inhibition
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

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NOEC (Natural microorganism): 12 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cellulose:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Biodegradability: Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 80 - 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Desloratadine:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 67.4 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: FDA 3.11

Stability in water: Hydrolysis: < 10 % at 50 °C(5 d)
Method: FDA 3.09

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-{(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.89

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.8
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>log Pow</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
<td>-4.3</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 107</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
<td>-1.72</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1.24</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 106</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

**Components:**

- **Desloratadine:**
  - Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.00
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IATA-DGR**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**IMDG-Code**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

**GB 6944/12268**
Not regulated as a dangerous good

**Special precautions for user**
Not applicable
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information
Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
GBZ 2.1-2007 / PC-TWA : Permissible concentration - time weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECX - Concentration associated with x% response; ELX - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; ICSO - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NCh - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumu-
Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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