1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company : MSD
Address : JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48
Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 1 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) : Category 1 (Cardio-vascular system)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 

Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Cardio-vascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements : 
Prevention:
P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Response:
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bis[(R*,R*)-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate</td>
<td>7460-12-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disodium EDTA, dihydrate</td>
<td>6381-92-6</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
<td>77-92-9</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
<td>100643-71-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.25 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation

Version: 2.2, Revision Date: 2019/09/13, SDS Number: 2095101-00007, Date of last issue: 2019/05/15, Date of first issue: 2017/10/23

### Unsuitable extinguishing media
None known.

### Specific hazards during firefighting
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

### Hazardous combustion products
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Metal oxides

### Specific extinguishing methods
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

### Special protective equipment for firefighters
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

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### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

#### Environmental precautions
Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

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### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Technical measures
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

#### Local/Total ventilation
Use only with adequate ventilation.

#### Advice on safe handling
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOINAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bis[[(S-(R*,R*)]-[β-hydroxy-α-(methylenephenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate</td>
<td>7460-12-0</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon dioxide</td>
<td>7631-86-9</td>
<td>NAB</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ID OEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information: Chemicals with a limit value higher than the Allowable Exposure Limit (PEL) of OSHA and/or the recommended NIOSH limit value

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Desloratadine</td>
<td>100643-71-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>200 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Engineering measures:

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

#### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: solid
Colour: white, blue
Odour: No data available
Odour Threshold: No data available
pH: No data available
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available
Flash point: Not applicable
Evaporation rate: Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas): Not classified as a flammability hazard
Flammability (liquids): No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapour pressure: Not applicable
Relative vapour density: Not applicable
Relative density: No data available
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-: Not applicable
octanol/water
Auto-ignition temperature  :  No data available
Decomposition temperature  :  No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic  :  Not applicable
Explosive properties  :  Not explosive
Oxidizing properties  :  The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle size  :  No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Reactivity  :  Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability  :  Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reac-
tions  :  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid  :  None known.
Incompatible materials  :  Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition
products  :  No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Information on likely routes of
exposure  :  Skin contact
                 Ingestion
                 Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity  :  Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity  :  Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Method: Calculation method

Components:
Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity  :  LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity  :  LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity  :  LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 660 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): 371 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC50 (Rat): &gt; 2.37 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Remarks                        | Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

**Silicon dioxide:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 401</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC50 (Rat): &gt; 2.08 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 4 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment</td>
<td>The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rabbit): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 2,800 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity</td>
<td>LC50 (Rat): &gt; 1 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 6 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Test atmosphere: dust/mist</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 412</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Citric acid:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Desloratadine:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 549 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): 353 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 (Monkey): &gt; 250 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>Vomiting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Bis[[S-{R*,R*}-(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Silicon dioxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Citric acid:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Desloratadine:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Bis[[S-{R*,R*}-(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**Silicon dioxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Citric acid:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Desloratadine:
Species: Rabbit
Remarks: Severe eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Remarks: No data available

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Desloratadine:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.
- Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Silicon dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Desloratadine:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Test system: Human lymphocytes  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Mouse  
Cell type: Bone marrow  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>72 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-(β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Silicon dioxide:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>103 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**

| Species     | Rat          |
**Desloratadine / Pseudoephedrine Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application Route</th>
<th>Ingestion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>103 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Desloratadine:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>10 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>equivocal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Liver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on fertility</th>
<th>Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on foetal development</th>
<th>Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl]methylammonium] sulphate:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on fertility</th>
<th>Test Type: Fertility</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fertility: LOAEL</td>
<td>80 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>male reproductive effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effects on foetal development</th>
<th>Test Type: Embryo-foetal development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>No teratogenic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 27 mg/kg body weight
Result: No embryotoxic effects have been observed in animal tests., No teratogenic effects
Remarks: Maternal toxicity observed.

**Silicon dioxide:**
Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Citric acid:**
Effects on foetal development: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Desloratadine:**
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: LOAEL: 12 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced fertility
Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, female
Fertility: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: No effects on fertility
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
### Developmental Toxicity

LOAEL: 9 mg/kg body weight  
**Symptoms:** Preimplantation loss, Reduced body weight  
**Result:** Specific developmental abnormalities  
**Remarks:** The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

**Test Type:** Two-generation study  
**Species:** Rat  
**Application Route:** Oral  
**Developmental Toxicity:** LOAEL: 18 mg/kg body weight  
**Result:** No adverse effects

### Reproductive toxicity - Assessment

- Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.  
- Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

### STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

### STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.  
Causes damage to organs (Cardio-vascular system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

#### Components:

**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**  
**Exposure routes:** Ingestion, Inhalation  
**Target Organs:** Central nervous system, Cardio-vascular system  
**Assessment:** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:**  
**Exposure routes:** Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
**Target Organs:** Respiratory Tract  
**Assessment:** Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of >0.02 to 0.2 mg/l/6h/d.

### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

**Cellulose:**  
**Species:** Rat  
**NOAEL:** >= 9,000 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Ingestion  
**Exposure time:** 90 Days

**Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:**  
**Remarks:** No data available
Silicon dioxide:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1.3 mg/m³
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 13 Weeks

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg
LOAEL: 8,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 10 Days

Desloratadine:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Kidney
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing
The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 6 mg/kg
LOAEL: 12 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 3 Months
Target Organs: Central nervous system
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 17 Months
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
Exposure time: 3 Months
Symptoms: Gastrointestinal disturbance, Fatigue

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Bis[[S-(R*,R*)]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl)methylammonium] sulphate:
Inhalation: Remarks: May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Eye contact: Remarks: May irritate eyes.
Ingestion: Symptoms: central nervous system effects, tachycardia, Palpitation

Desloratadine:
Inhalation: Remarks: May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Eye contact: Symptoms: Eye irritation
Ingestion: Symptoms: dry mouth, muscle pain, Fatigue, Drowsiness, sore throat, painful menstration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Silicon dioxide:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
### Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 159 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 140 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 25.7 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 35 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 25 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to microorganisms**
- EC50: < 500 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 0.5 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Citric acid:

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 24 h

### Desloratadine:

**Toxicity to fish**
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 9.2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: FDA 4.11

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: FDA 4.08

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.6 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.36
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Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cellulose:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Biodegradability : Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 80 - 90 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Citric acid:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 97 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Desloratadine:
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 67.4 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: FDA 3.11
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: < 10 % at 50 °C (5 d)
Method: FDA 3.09

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Bis[[S-{R*,R*}]-β-hydroxy-α-methylphenethyl]methylammonium] sulphate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.89

Disodium EDTA, dihydrate:
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1.8
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -4.3

Citric acid:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.72

Desloratadine:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.24
Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Mobility in soil

Components:

Desloratadine:
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.00
Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations
UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA-DGR
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health
Hazardous substances that must be registered: Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances
Hazardous substances approved for use: Not applicable
Prohibited substances: Not applicable
Restricted substances: Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials
Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision: Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Date format: yyyy/mm/dd
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.