Section 1: Identification

Product name: Desogestrel / Ethinyl Estradiol Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908
Upper Hutt - New Zealand
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification
Carcinogenicity: Carc.1A
Reproductive toxicity: Repr.1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: STOT RE1 (Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland, Prostate, Liver, Blood)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements: H350 May cause cancer.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland, Prostate, Liver, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements: Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Desogestrel / Ethinyl Estradiol Formulation

Version 7.5 Revision Date: 09/13/2019 SDS Number: 19073-00016 Date of last issue: 24.04.2019 Date of first issue: 06.10.2014

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stearic acid</td>
<td>57-11-4</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desogestrel</td>
<td>54024-22-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.01 - &lt; 0.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethinylestradiol</td>
<td>57-63-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.01 - &lt; 0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause cancer.
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Hazchem Code:
2Z

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items...
Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe dust.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
  - Keep container tightly closed.
  - Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
  - Keep container closed when not in use.
  - Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
  - Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
  - Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
  - When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
  - Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
  - The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
  - Store locked up.
  - Keep tightly closed.
  - Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Starch</td>
<td>9005-25-8</td>
<td>WES-TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Stearic acid | 57-11-4 | TWA (Inhalable fraction) | 10 mg/m³ | ACGIH
--- | --- | --- | --- | ---
 | | TWA (Respirable fraction) | 3 mg/m³ | ACGIH
Desogestrel | 54024-22-5 | TWA | 0.04 µg/m³ (OEB 5) | Internal
 | | Wipe limit | 0.4 µg/100 cm² | Internal
Ethinylestradiol | 57-63-6 | TWA | 0.01 µg/m³ (OEB 5) | Internal
 | | Wipe limit | 0.1 µg/100 cm² | Internal

**Engineering measures**: Use closed processing systems or containment technologies to control at source (e.g., glove boxes/isolators) and to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace. All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. No open handling permitted. Totally enclosed processes and materials transport systems are required. Operations require the use of appropriate containment technology designed to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

- **Filter type**: Particulates type
- **Hand protection**
  - **Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**: Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Section 9: Physical and chemical properties**

- **Appearance**: powder
- **Colour**: White to light yellow
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Odour : No data available
Odour Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapour pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapour density : Not applicable
Relative density : No data available
Density : 1 g/cm³
Solubility(ies) Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Particle size : No data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity
Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Exposure routes:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Starch:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

Stearic acid:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2 mg/l
Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Desogestrel:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ethinylestradiol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 1,737 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available
Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Stearic acid:
Species: Rabbit
Method: Patch Test 24 Hrs.
Result: No skin irritation

Ethinylestradiol:
Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Stearic acid:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Ethinylestradiol:
Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Stearic acid:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ethinylestradiol:
Remarks: No data available

Chronic toxicity
Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Stearic acid:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Desogestrel:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
  Result: negative

Ethinylestradiol:
- Genotoxicity in vitro:
  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Test system: Escherichia coli
  Result: negative

  Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Test system: Human lymphocytes
  Result: equivocal

- Genotoxicity in vivo:
  Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: positive

  Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Mouse
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity:
May cause cancer.
Components:

Desogestrel:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 81 weeks
Result: negative

Ethinylestradiol:
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Species: Monkey, female
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 10 Years
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies

Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Stearic acid:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Desogestrel:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rabbit, female
Fertility: LOAEL Parent: 2 mg/kg body weight
Result: Effects on fertility
Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat, female  
Fertility: NOAEL Parent: 0.5 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:  
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rabbit, female  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL F1: 1 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected. No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: Oral  
Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEC Parent: 0.125 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No teratogenic effects

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:  
Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Ethinylestradiol:**  
Effects on fertility:  
Species: Hamster  
Fertility: LOAEL: 6.3 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:  
Test Type: Four-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: > 0.006 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Specific developmental abnormalities

Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat, male and female  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.005 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Specific developmental abnormalities

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:  
Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT - single exposure**  
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**  
Causes damage to organs (Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland, Prostate, Liver, Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Components:

Desogestrel:
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland, Prostate
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Ethinylestradiol:
Target Organs: Liver, Blood
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Stearic acid:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 42 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Desogestrel:
Species: Rat, female
LOAEL: 0.00625 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 26 Weeks
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.005 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 52 Weeks
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland
Species: Dog
LOAEL: 0.005 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 52 Weeks
Target Organs: Pituitary gland, Uterus (including cervix), Ovary, Mammary gland, Prostate

Ethinylestradiol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.25 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
## Exposure time
- 2 Weeks
- 20 Weeks
- 95 d
- 2 yr

## Target Organs
- Liver
- Liver
- Blood
- Reproductive organs, Mammary gland, Liver, Uterus (including cervix)

### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Experience with human exposure

#### Components:

**Desogestrel:**
- Ingestion
  - Symptoms: Headache, changes in libido, Dizziness, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, water retention, sodium retention, Gastrointestinal discomfort, mental depression, amenorrhea, insomnia, impaired glucose tolerance, pulmonary embolism
  - Target Organs: Uterus (including cervix)
  - Target Organs: Mammary gland

**Ethinylestradiol:**
- Ingestion
  - Symptoms: Abdominal pain, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Headache, Dizziness, mood swings, Oedema, liver function change, water retention, hair loss, gynecomastia, effects on menstruation

### Section 12: Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity

##### Components:

**Stearic acid:**
- Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 10,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: DIN 38412
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
No toxicity at the limit of solubility |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants | NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
No toxicity at the limit of solubility  
EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
No toxicity at the limit of solubility |
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) | NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
No toxicity at the limit of solubility |
| Toxicity to microorganisms | EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 883 mg/l  
Exposure time: 18 h |

**Desogestrel:**

| Toxicity to fish | LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: FDA 4.11  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1.3 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
Based on data from similar materials |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates | EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 3.9 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility  
Based on data from similar materials |
| Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) | NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.059 mg/l  
Exposure time: 32 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
NOEC (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): 0.0000027 mg/l |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>NOEC (Concentration)</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other</td>
<td>1.2 mg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>Respiration inhibition</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>aquatic invertebrates (Chronic</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toxicity)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>70.8 mg/l</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>Respiration inhibition</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Ethinylestradiol:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>1.6 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</td>
<td>6.7 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
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<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</td>
<td>0.01 µg/l</td>
<td>35 d</td>
<td></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 210</td>
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<tr>
<td>Toxicity to daphnia and other</td>
<td>0.75 mg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 211</td>
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<tr>
<td>aquatic invertebrates (Chronic</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>toxicity)</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity to microorganisms</td>
<td>&gt; 1,000 mg/l</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td></td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**Stearic acid:**
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 71%
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Desogestrel:**
Stability in water: Hydrolysis: < 10 % (5 d)
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

**Stearic acid:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 8.23

**Desogestrel:**
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 128
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 3.5

**Ethinylestradiol:**
Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 264
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.15

Mobility in soil

**Components:**

**Desogestrel:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 2.84

**Ethinylestradiol:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.86

Other adverse effects
No data available
Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
Waste from residues  : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number          : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Ethinylestradiol, Desogestrel)
Class               : 9
Packing group       : III
Labels              : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No.           : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Ethinylestradiol, Desogestrel)
Class               : 9
Packing group       : III
Labels              : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number           : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Ethinylestradiol, Desogestrel)
Class               : 9
Packing group       : III
Labels              : 9
EmS Code            : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant    : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

NZS 5433
UN number           : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Ethinylestradiol, Desogestrel)
Class               : 9
Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR100425 Pharmaceutical Active Ingredients Group Standard 2017

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

Section 16: Other information

Further information

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA, ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-TWA : Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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