SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Elbasvir Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Combustible dust

Carcinogenicity (Inhalation) : Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : ![Warning]

Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air. H351 Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Other hazards
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elbasvir</td>
<td>1370468-36-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon, amorphous</td>
<td>112945-52-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: Wash with water and soap.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of eye contact: If in eyes, rinse well with water.
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Elbasvir Formulation

Version 7.0
Revision Date: 04/09/2021
SDS Number: 529970-00015
Date of last issue: 10/10/2020
Date of first issue: 02/23/2016

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Metal oxides
- Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
- Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
- Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
- Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not breathe dust.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use. 
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. 
Take precautionary measures against static discharges. 
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Conditions for safe storage**
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

**Materials to avoid**
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total dust)</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (respirable fraction)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elbasvir</td>
<td>1370468-36-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>100 µg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>TWA (total dust)</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (Titanium dioxide)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silicon, amorphous</td>
<td>112945-52-5</td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>20 Million particles per cubic foot (Silica)</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>80 mg/m³ / %SiO2 (Silica)</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>6 mg/m³ (Silica)</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³ (Silica)</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**
- Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**
- General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are
unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection
Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection
: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection

Hygiene measures
: Work uniform or laboratory coat.
: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
: When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
: Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
: The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : powder
Color : brown
Odor : odorless
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapor pressure: Not applicable

Relative vapor density: Not applicable

Relative density: No data available

Density: No data available

Solubility(ies)
   Water solubility: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

Viscosity
   Viscosity, kinematic: Not applicable

Explosive properties: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size: No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions:
   May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
   Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation

Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Elbasvir:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 1,000 mg/kg

**Titanium dioxide:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

**Silicon, amorphous:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.08 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

**Elbasvir:**
- Species: reconstructed human epidermis (RhE)
- Result: No skin irritation

**Titanium dioxide:**
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

**Silicon, amorphous:**
- Species: Rabbit
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
- Result: No skin irritation
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Elbasvir:**
- Species: Bovine cornea
- Result: No eye irritation

**Titanium dioxide:**
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

**Silicon, amorphous:**
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Elbasvir:**
- Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- Routes of exposure: Dermal
- Species: Mouse
- Result: negative
Titanium dioxide:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Elbasvir:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Titanium dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Silicon, amorphous:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

Components:

Cellulose:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 72 weeks
Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals.

Silicon, amorphous:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

IARC
Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans
Silicon, amorphous 112945-52-5
Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

OSHA
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP
Known to be human carcinogen
Silicon, amorphous 112945-52-5

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Cellulose:
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Elbasvir:
- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
  Species: Rat, male and female
  Application Route: Oral
  Fertility: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No effects on fertility.

- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Oral
  Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No effects on early embryonic development.

  Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Oral
  Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No effects on early embryonic development.

Silicon, amorphous:
- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days
Elbasvir:  
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 180 d  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 270 d  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Titanium dioxide:  
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 28 Days

Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 10 mg/m³  
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 2 y

Silicon, amorphous:  
Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 1.3 mg/l  
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 13 Weeks  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Elbasvir:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Headache, Abdominal pain, constipation, Nausea, Fatigue, muscle pain, joint pain, Dizziness, Cough, Skin irritation, rhinitis, Drowsiness, nasal congestion

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cellulose:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Elbasvir Formulation

Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Elbasvir:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

- LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): > 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

- LC50 (Americamysis): 7.7 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 0.081 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.081 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.0023 mg/l
  Exposure time: 32 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.84 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

- NOEC: 271.9 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Titanium dioxide:
### Toxicity to fish
- **Elbasvir**: LC50 (Onchorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
- **Elbasvir**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
- **Elbasvir**: EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

### Toxicity to microorganisms
- **Elbasvir**: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

### Silicon, amorphous:

### Toxicity to fish
- **Elbasvir**: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
- **Elbasvir**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 24 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
- **Elbasvir**: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

  NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 10,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Persistence and degradability

### Components:

#### Cellulose:
- **Biodegradability**: Result: Readily biodegradable.

#### Elbasvir:
- **Biodegradability**: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 37 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Elbasvir:

- Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
  - Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 82
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 6.54

Mobility in soil

Components:

Elbasvir:

- Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 5.24

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
  - If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

- UN number: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Elbasvir)

  - Class: 9
  - Packing group: III
  - Labels: 9

IATA-DGR

- UN/ID No.: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Elbasvir)

  - Class: 9
  - Packing group: III
  - Labels: Miscellaneous
  - Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
  - Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
  - Environmentally hazardous: yes
IMDG-Code

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>UN 3077</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proper shipping name</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Elbasvir)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**Domestic regulation**

49 CFR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN/ID/NA number</th>
<th>UN 3077</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proper shipping name</td>
<td>Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Elbasvir)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: CLASS 9
ERG Code: 171
Marine pollutant: yes (Elbasvir)
Remarks: Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters., Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

**Special precautions for user**
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

**SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

**SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity**
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards**
- Combustible dust
- Carcinogenicity

**SARA 313**
- This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.
US State Regulations

**Pennsylvania Right To Know**
- Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose 9004-65-3
- Croscarmellose sodium 74811-65-7
- Cellulose 9004-34-6
- D-Glucose, 4-O-.beta.-D-galactopyranosyl-, monohydrate 64044-51-5
- Sodium chloride 7647-14-5
- Elbasvir 1370468-36-2
- Tocopherol polyethyleneglycol succinate 9002-96-4

**California Prop. 65**
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

**California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants**
- Cellulose 9004-34-6

**California Regulated Carcinogens**
- Silicon, amorphous 112945-52-5

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

**NFPA 704:**
- Flammability
- Health
- Special hazard
- Instability

**HMIS® IV:**
- HEALTH
- FLAMMABILITY
- PHYSICAL HAZARD

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Elbasvir Formulation**

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<th>Date of first issue:</th>
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**Acronyms**

- ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- NIOSH REL - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Recommended Exposure Limit
- OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
- OSHA Z-1 - Table Z-1 Limit for Air Contaminants
- OSHA Z-3 - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
- ACGIH / TWA - 8-hour, time-weighted average
- NIOSH REL / TWA - Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
- OSHA Z-1 / TWA - 8-hour time weighted average
- OSHA Z-3 / TWA - 8-hour time weighted average

**Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet**


**Revision Date**

04/09/2021

**Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.**
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.