SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Etoricoxib Formulation

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier
   Trade name : Etoricoxib Formulation

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
   Use of the Substance/Mixture : Pharmaceutical

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
   Company : MSD
   Shotton Lane
   NE23 3JU Cramlington NU - Great Britain
   Telephone : 44 1 670 59 30 00
   Telefax : 908-735-1496
   E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
   1-908-423-6000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
   Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
   Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2
   Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 2
   H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
   H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
   H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements
   Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)
   Hazard pictograms :
   Signal word : Warning
   Hazard statements :
   H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
   H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
   H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements

**Prevention:**
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P391 Collect spillage.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:
Etoricoxib

2.3 Other hazards
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Etoricoxib</td>
<td>202409-33-4</td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4; H302 Repr. 2; H361d STOT RE 2; H373 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411</td>
<td>( \geq 25 - &lt; 30 )</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice:**
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**Protection of first-aiders:**
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,
and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

**If inhaled:**
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.
In case of skin contact:
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
- If in eyes, rinse well with water.
- Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed:
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Risks:
- Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
- Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting:
- Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Sulphur oxides
- Chlorine compounds
- Metal oxides
- Oxides of phosphorus
5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.
Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.
Advice on safe handling : Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Specific use(s) : No data available

No data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
8.1 Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupational Exposure Limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information : For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/4 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis or respirable, thoracic and inhalable aerosols. The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m⁻³ 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed to dust above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limits. Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human res-
piratory system, and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/4. Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>End Use</th>
<th>Exposure routes</th>
<th>Potential health effects</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Etoricoxib</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td>TWA (inhalable dust)</td>
<td>Long-term local effects</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Workers</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Consumers</td>
<td>STEL (inhalable dust)</td>
<td>Long-term systemic effects</td>
<td>700 mg/kg bw/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

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<th>Substance name</th>
<th>Environmental Compartment</th>
<th>Value</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>0.184 mg/l</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine water</td>
<td>0.0184 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Intermittent use/release</td>
<td>0.193 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sewage treatment plant</td>
<td>100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>1000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Marine sediment</td>
<td>100 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Soil</td>
<td>100 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
Apply measures to prevent dust explosions.
Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection
Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety goggles
Equipment should conform to BS EN 166

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Skin and body protection
Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Respiratory protection
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type : Particulates type (P)

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : powder
Colour : coloured
Odour : odourless
Odour Threshold : No data available
**Etoricoxib Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**pH** : No data available

**Melting point/freezing point** : No data available

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** : No data available

**Flash point** : No data available

**Evaporation rate** : No data available

**Flammability (solid, gas)** : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

**Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit** : No data available

**Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit** : No data available

**Vapour pressure** : No data available

**Relative vapour density** : No data available

**Relative density** : No data available

**Solubility(ies)**

- **Water solubility** : No data available
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : No data available
- **Auto-ignition temperature** : No data available
- **Decomposition temperature** : No data available

**Viscosity**

- **Viscosity, kinematic** : No data available

**Explosive properties** : Not explosive

**Oxidizing properties** : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

### 9.2 Other information

- **Flammability (liquids)** : No data available
- **Molecular weight** : No data available
- **Particle size** : No data available

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
10.2 Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
Avoid dust formation.

10.5 Incompatible materials
Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:
Etoricoxib:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,499 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 1,499 mg/kg

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 238 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 599 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Etoricoxib:
Etoricoxib Formulation

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Etoricoxib:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Etoricoxib:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Assessment : Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Etoricoxib:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: human lymphoblastoid cells
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: negative
Test Type: Alkaline elution assay
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Species: Rat
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative
Test Type: Alkaline elution assay  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Etoricoxib:  
Species: Rat, male and female  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: positive

Species: Mouse, male and female  
Application Route: oral (gavage)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity  
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Etoricoxib:  
Effects on fertility:  
Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: Oral  
General Toxicity - Parent: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
Result: positive

Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:  
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure  
Not classified based on available information.
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STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Etoricoxib:
Exposure routes: Ingestion
Target Organs: Kidney, Liver, Gastrointestinal tract
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Etoricoxib:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: 27 Weeks
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 30 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: 53 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: 53 Weeks
Target Organs: Liver

Species: Dog
LOAEL: 200 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (gavage)
Exposure time: 14 Weeks
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Kidney

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Etoricoxib:
Ingestion: Symptoms: upper respiratory tract infection, Headache, hypertension, Diarrhoea, urinary tract infection, flu-like symptoms, heartburn, Nausea, bronchitis, Dizziness, asthenia, Rash, Back pain, Cough, Abdominal pain, pharyngitis, Oedema
SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

**Components:**

**Etoricoxib:**
- **Toxicity to fish:**
  - LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 30 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**
  - EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 30 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:**
  - EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- **Toxicity to microorganisms:**
  - EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  - NOEC: 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

- **Toxicity to fish (chronic toxicity):**
  - NOEC: 7.93 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 32 d
  - Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (chronic toxicity):**
  - NOEC: 0.75 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**Etoricoxib:**
- **Biodegradability:**
  - Result: not rapidly degradable
  - Biodegradation: 0.2 %
  - Exposure time: 28 d
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Etoricoxib:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.3

12.4 Mobility in soil
No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
Not relevant

12.6 Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific. Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 3077
ADR : UN 3077
RID : UN 3077
IMDG : UN 3077
IATA : UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Etoricoxib)
ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Etoricoxib)
RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Etoricoxib)
IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID,
N.O.S. (Etoricoxib)

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Etoricoxib)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>ADN</th>
<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
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14.4 Packing group

<table>
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<th>Class</th>
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<th>ADR</th>
<th>RID</th>
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14.5 Environmental hazards

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<td>Label</td>
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14.5 Environmental hazards

<table>
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<td>Miscellaneous</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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Etoricoxib Formulation

Environmentally hazardous : yes
ADR Environmentally hazardous : yes
RID Environmentally hazardous : yes
IMDG Marine pollutant : yes
IATA (Passenger) Environmentally hazardous : yes
IATA (Cargo) Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code
Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Not applicable
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants : Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Not applicable
REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Not applicable

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Quantity 1</th>
<th>Quantity 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E2 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS</td>
<td>200 t</td>
<td>500 t</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other regulations:
Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.
Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

**Etoricoxib Formulation**

**Version** 2.3  
**Revision Date:** 09/13/2019  
**SDS Number:** 26541-00017  
**Date of last issue:** 24.04.2019  
**Date of first issue:** 29.10.2014

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- **AICS**: not determined  
- **DSL**: not determined  
- **IECSC**: not determined

15.2 **Chemical safety assessment**

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information: Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

**Full text of H-statements**

- **H302**: Harmful if swallowed.  
- **H361d**: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.  
- **H373**: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.  
- **H411**: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Full text of other abbreviations**

- **Acute Tox.**: Acute toxicity  
- **Aquatic Chronic**: Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard  
- **Repr.**: Reproductive toxicity  
- **STOT RE**: Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure  
- **GB EH40**: UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits  
- **GB EH40 / TWA**: Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)  
- **GB EH40 / STEL**: Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Oberved (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No
SAFETY DATA SHEET  
according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Etoricoxib Formulation

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Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information


Classification of the mixture:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification procedure:</th>
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<tr>
<td>Classification of the mixture:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Repr. 2</td>
<td>H361d</td>
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<tr>
<td>STOT RE 2</td>
<td>H373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 2</td>
<td>H411</td>
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GB / EN