SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ezetimibe / Rosuvastatin Formulation

Version 1.6  |  Revision Date: 2020/10/10  |  SDS Number: 3177567-00007  |  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23  |  Date of first issue: 2018/09/18

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Ezetimibe / Rosuvastatin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: JL Raya Pandaan KM. 48
         Pandaan, Jawa Timur - Indonesia
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Carcinogenicity: Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Liver, Kidney, muscle)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 2 (Eye)
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 🚨 ⚠️
Signal word: Danger
Hazard statements:
  - H350 May cause cancer.
  - H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
  - H371 May cause damage to organs (Liver, Kidney, muscle) if swallowed.
  - H373 May cause damage to organs (Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture: Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ezetimibe</td>
<td>163222-33-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rosuvastatin</td>
<td>147098-20-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate</td>
<td>151-21-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact:
If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed:
If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
May cause cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs if swallowed. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
Carbon oxides
Fluorine compounds
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Sulphur oxides
Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Do not breathe dust.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Keep container tightly closed.
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store locked up.
Keep tightly closed.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type</th>
<th>Control parameter</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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### Engineering measures

All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- **Filter type**: Particulates type

**Hand protection**
- **Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Eye protection**
- **Remarks**: Consider double gloving.
- **Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.**
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**
- **Work uniform or laboratory coat.**
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hygiene measures**
- **If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.**
- **When using do not eat, drink or smoke.**
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>white to off-white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:
- May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid:
- Heat, flames and sparks.
- Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials:
- Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products:
- No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity:
LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Ezetimibe:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 5,000 mg/kg

LD50 (Dog): > 3,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
- LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal
- LD50 (Mouse): > 1,000 - < 2,000 mg/kg
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal

**Rosuvastatin:**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Target Organs: Liver, Stomach, muscle, Kidney

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Magnesium stearate:**
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Ezetimibe:**
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: Skin irritation

**Magnesium stearate:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Ezetimibe:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irreversible effects on the eye
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Magnesium stearate:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Ezetimibe:**
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Magnesium stearate:**
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Ezetimibe:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Rosuvastatin:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Test system: Escherichia coli
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Magnesium stearate:
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
May cause cancer.

Components:

Cellulose:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 72 weeks
Result: negative

Ezetimibe:
Species: Rat, female
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Species: Rat, male
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative

Species: Mouse
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: negative
### Rosuvastatin:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>104 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>80 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>Tumour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Uterus (including cervix)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>107 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>200 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>liver adenoma, carcinoma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Liver</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

### Components:

#### Cellulose:

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

#### Ezetimibe:

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
- Species: Rat, male and female
- Fertility: NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No effects on fertility, No fetotoxicity

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No adverse effects
Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: > 1,000 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No adverse effects

Rosuvastatin:
Effects on fertility  
:  
Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  

Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Monkey  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 30 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Effects on male and female reproductive organs.

Effects on foetal development  
:  
Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  
Result: foetal mortality

Test Type: Development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight  
Result: foetal mortality, Maternal toxicity observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment  
:  
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Effects on fertility  
:  
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development  
:  
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Magnesium stearate:
Effects on fertility  
:  
Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative
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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure
May cause damage to organs (Liver, Kidney, muscle) if swallowed.

Components:
Rosuvastatin:
Exposure routes: Oral
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, muscle
Assessment: Causes damage to organs.

STOT - repeated exposure
May cause damage to organs (Eye) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:
Rosuvastatin:
Exposure routes: Oral
Target Organs: Eye
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Cellulose:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Ezetimibe:
Species: Dog
NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 d
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,500 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 90 d
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Mouse
### Ezetimibe / Rosuvastatin Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>2020/10/10</td>
<td>3177567-00007</td>
<td>2020/03/23</td>
<td>2018/09/18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOAEL**: 500 mg/kg  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 90 d  
**Remarks**: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Species**: Dog  
**NOAEL**: 300 mg/kg  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 1 yr  
**Remarks**: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Rosuvastatin**:

**Species**: Dog  
**LOAEL**: 90 mg/kg  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 24 Days  
**Target Organs**: Brain  
**Symptoms**: Oedema, Blood disorders, Necrosis  
**Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Species**: Dog  
**LOAEL**: 6 mg/kg  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 52 Weeks  
**Target Organs**: Cornea  
**Symptoms**: Corneal opacity  
**Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Species**: Dog  
**LOAEL**: 30 mg/kg  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 12 Weeks  
**Target Organs**: Eye  
**Symptoms**: Eye disease  
**Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Species**: Dog  
**LOAEL**: 90 mg/kg  
**Application Route**: Oral  
**Exposure time**: 4 Weeks  
**Target Organs**: eye - retina  
**Symptoms**: Eye disease  
**Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate**:

**Species**: Rat  
**NOAEL**: 488 mg/kg  
**Application Route**: Ingestion  
**Exposure time**: 90 Days  
**Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Magnesium stearate**:

**Species**: Rat
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NOAEL: > 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Ezetimibe:
Not applicable

Experience with human exposure

Components:
Ezetimibe:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, flatulence, muscle pain, upper respiratory tract infection, Back pain, joint pain
Rosuvastatin:
Ingestion: Target Organs: Kidney
Symptoms: kidney toxicity
Remarks: Based on Human Evidence
Target Organs: muscle
Symptoms: musculoskeletal pain
Remarks: Based on Human Evidence
Target Organs: Liver
Symptoms: liver function change
Remarks: Based on Human Evidence

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Cellulose:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Ezetimibe:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 0.125 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 4 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.317 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.317 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.051 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 33 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
- NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 4 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 7 d
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.282 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 21 d
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
- 1

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50: > 4.4 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility
- NOEC: 4.4 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 3 h
  - Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  - Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Rosuvastatin:
Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 hrs
  - Method: FDA 4.11
- LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 1,000 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 hrs
  - Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 63 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 hrs
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): > 640 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 hrs
Method: FDA 4.01

NOEC (Microcystis aeruginosa (blue-green algae)): 330 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 hrs
Method: FDA 4.01

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 800 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 hrs
Method: FDA 4.01

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 350 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 hrs
Method: FDA 4.01

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 32 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.018 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):
NOEC: 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 hrs
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 hrs
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 29 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 5.55 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 120 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): >= 1.357 mg/l
Exposure time: 42 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other:
NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.88 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)
Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 135 mg/l
                      Exposure time: 3 h

**Magnesium stearate:**
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l
                      Exposure time: 48 h
                      Method: DIN 38412
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
                      Exposure time: 47 h
                      Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
                      No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
                      Exposure time: 72 h
                      Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
                      Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
                      No toxicity at the limit of solubility

                      NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
                      Exposure time: 72 h
                      Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
                      Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l
                      Exposure time: 16 h
                      Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
                      Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Cellulose:**
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

**Ezetimibe:**
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
                      Biodegradation: 6.8 %
                      Exposure time: 28 d

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 %(4.5 d)
                      Method: OECD Test Guideline 111
**Rosuvastatin:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biodegradability</td>
<td>Biodegradation: &lt; 10 %</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Stability in water</td>
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<th>Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:</th>
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**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Ezetimibe:**

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**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Ezetimibe:**

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
- UN number: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Ezetimibe, Rosuvastatin)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 9

IATA-DGR
- UN/ID No.: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Ezetimibe, Rosuvastatin)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: Miscellaneous
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
- Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
- UN number: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Ezetimibe, Rosuvastatin)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 9
- EmS Code: F-A, S-F
- Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ezetimibe / Rosuvastatin Formulation

Version 1.6  Revision Date: 2020/10/10  SDS Number: 3177567-00007  Date of last issue: 2020/03/23
Date of first issue: 2018/09/18

Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Minister of Industry Regulation No. 23/M-IND/PER/4/2013 concerning the Revision of Minister of Industry Regulation No. 87/M-IND/PER/9/2009 concerning Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.

Regulation of the Minister of Health No. 472 of 1996 on the Safeguarding of Substances Hazardous to Health
Hazardous substances that must be registered : Not applicable

Government Regulation No. 74 of 2001 on the Management of Hazardous and Toxic Substances
Hazardous substances approved for use : Not applicable
Prohibited substances : Not applicable
Restricted substances : Not applicable

Regulation of the Minister of Trade No. 44 of 2009 on Procurement, Distribution and Supervision of Hazardous Materials
Type of Hazardous Materials Restricted to Import, Distribution and Supervision : Not applicable

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ID OEL : Indonesia. Occupational Exposure Limits
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.