SAFETY DATA SHEET
Gentamicin Ointment Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Gentamicin Ointment Formulation
Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: Avenida 16 de Septiembre No. 301
Xaltocan - Xochimilco Mexico 16090
Telephone: 52 55 57284444
Telefax: 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:
Signal Word: Danger
Hazard Statements: H360D May damage the unborn child.
Precautionary Statements: Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read
and understood.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/
face protection.
Response:
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/
attention.
Storage:
P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste dis-
posal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gentamicin Ointment Formulation

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 90 -&lt; 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 -&lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 -&lt; 0.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May damage the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting : Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gentamicin Ointment Formulation

Version: 2.4  
Revision Date: 28.09.2020  
SDS Number: 2050358-00008  
Date of last issue: 23.03.2020  
Date of first issue: 09.10.2017

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSOAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gentamicin Ointment Formulation

Materials to avoid:

Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Explosives
- Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petrolatum</td>
<td>8009-03-8</td>
<td>VLE-PPT (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White mineral oil (petroleum)</td>
<td>8042-47-5</td>
<td>VLE-PPT (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NOM-010-STPS-2014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gentamicin</td>
<td>1403-66-3</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type:
Combined particulates and organic vapor type

Hand protection:
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Eye protection:
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection:
Work uniform or laboratory coat.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: ointment
Gentamicin Ointment Formulation

- **Color**: colorless
- **Odor**: No data available
- **Odor Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: > 93.3 °C
- **Evaporation rate**: No data available
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: Not classified as a flammability hazard
- **Flammability (liquids)**: Not applicable
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
- **Vapor pressure**: No data available
- **Relative vapor density**: No data available
- **Relative density**: No data available
- **Density**: No data available
- **Solubility(ies)**
  - **Water solubility**: No data available
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not applicable
- **Autoignition temperature**: No data available
- **Decomposition temperature**: No data available
- **Viscosity**
  - **Viscosity, kinematic**: No data available
- **Explosive properties**: Not explosive
- **Oxidizing properties**: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
- **Particle size**: Not applicable
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Gentamicin:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 8,000 - 10,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 10,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity:
- LC50 (Rat): > 0.2 mg/l
- Exposure time: 4 h
- Test atmosphere: dust/mist
- Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):
- LD50 (Rat): 67 - 96 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intravenous
- LD50 (Rat): 371 - 384 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intramuscular
- LDLo (Monkey): 30 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Intravenous

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
- Species: Rabbit
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
- Result: No skin irritation
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

White mineral oil (petroleum):
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No skin irritation

Gentamicin:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

White mineral oil (petroleum):
- Species: Rabbit
- Result: No eye irritation

Gentamicin:
- Species: Rabbit
Result : Mild eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Gentamicin:
Remarks : No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Gentamicin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: equivocal
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intravenous injection
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 24 Months
Result: negative

Gentamicin:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No data available

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Petrolatum:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**White mineral oil (petroleum):**

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Skin contact
- Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Result: negative

**Gentamicin:**

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
- Species: Rat
- Fertility: NOAEL: 20 mg/kg body weight
- Result: No significant adverse effects were reported

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3.6 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No embryo-fetal toxicity.
  
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
    - Species: Rat
    - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
    - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity.
  
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
    - Species: Mouse
    - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
    - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Fetal mortality, No malformations were observed.
  
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
    - Species: Rat
    - Application Route: Intraperitoneal
    - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight
    - Result: Fetal mortality, No malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
- Positive evidence of adverse effects on development from human epidemiological studies.

**STOT-single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Gentamicin:
Target Organs : Kidney, inner ear
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 5,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 y

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Species : Rat
LOAEL : 160 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Specie : Rat
LOAEL : >= 1 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 4 Weeks
Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Gentamicin:
Species : Dog
LOAEL : 3 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 12 Months
Target Organs : Kidney
Symptoms : Vomiting, Salivation

Species : Monkey
LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Subcutaneous
Exposure time : 3 Weeks
Target Organs : Kidney, inner ear

Species : Monkey
LOAEL : 6 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 3 Weeks
Target Organs : Blood, Kidney, inner ear, Liver

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 10 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 52 Weeks
Target Organs : Kidney, Blood
Species : Rat
NOAEL : 12.5 mg/kg
LOAEL : 50 mg/kg
Application Route : Intramuscular
Exposure time : 13 Weeks
Target Organs : Kidney

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
No aspiration toxicity classification

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Gentamicin:
Ingestion : Target Organs: Kidney
Target Organs: inner ear
Symptoms: Dizziness, Vertigo, hearing loss, tinnitus, fetal deafness

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Petrolatum:
Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : NOEL (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
White mineral oil (petroleum):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d

Gentamicin:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 86 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

LC50 (Amisamysis): 30 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 10 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1.5 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 4.7 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Anabaena flos-aquae (cyanobacterium)): 1.6 µg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: 288.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Persistence and degradability

Components:

Petrolatum:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

White mineral oil (petroleum):
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 31 %
Exposure time: 28 d

Gentamicin:
Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
Biodegradation: 100 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Gentamicin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: < -2

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Gentamicin)
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Gentamicin Ointment Formulation

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Gentamicin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Gentamicin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NOM-002-SCT
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Gentamicin)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills.

Not applicable
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

- ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
- ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average
- NOM-010-STPS-2014 / VLE-PPT: Time weighted average limit value
- AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT: National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM: American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw: Body weight; CMR: Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN: Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL: Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx: Concentration associated with x% response; ELx: Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS: Emergency Schedule; ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx: Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG: Emergency Response Guide; GHS: Globally Harmonized System; GLP: Good Laboratory Practice; IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA: International Air Transport Association; IBC: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50: Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO: International Maritime Organization; ISHL: Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO: International Organisation for Standardization; KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s.: Not Otherwise Specified; Nch: Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC: No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL: No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR: No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM: Official Mexican Norm; NTP: National Toxicology Program; NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS: Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS: Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR: (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT: Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS: Safety Data Sheet; TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN: United Nations; UNRTDG: United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen...
The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8