SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mirtazapine Disintegrating Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Mirtazapine Disintegrating Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details

Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Telefax : 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Combustible dust

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 2 (Nervous system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : [Image of pictograms]

Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/
face protection.

**Response:**
- P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

**Storage:**
- P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal:**
- P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**
- Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
- Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture:** Mixture

**Components**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine</td>
<td>85650-52-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
<td>77-92-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td>557-04-0</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:** In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:**
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
- Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact:**
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:**
- If in eyes, rinse well with water.
- Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed:**
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.
- Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- Harmful if swallowed.
- Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.
- Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
- Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion.
- Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
- Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not breathe dust.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
- Keep container closed when not in use.
- Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c]2benzazepine</td>
<td>85650-52-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>25 µg/m³</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total)</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Engineering measures:

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Apply measures to prevent dust explosions. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). Dust formation may be relevant in the processing of this product. In addition to substance-specific OELs, general limitations of concentrations of particulates in the air at workplaces have to be considered in workplace risk assessment. Relevant limits include: OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated of 15 mg/m³ - total dust, 5 mg/m³ - respirable fraction; and ACGIH TWA for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified of 3 mg/m³ - respirable particles, 10 mg/m³ - inhalable particles.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection:

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection:

Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical
Hygiene measures:

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: powder

Color: No data available

Odor: No data available

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: No data available

Evaporation rate: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas): May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids): No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapor pressure: No data available

Relative vapor density: No data available

Density: No data available

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available

Autoignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions:
  May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.
  Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
  Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
  Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,588 mg/kg
  Method: Calculation method

Components:
  (+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
  Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 320 - 490 mg/kg

Citric acid:
  Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg
  Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Cellulose:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
   Exposure time: 4 h
   Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Magnesium stearate:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
   Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
   Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

**Magnesium stearate:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

**Magnesium stearate:**
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Magnesium stearate:**
- **Test Type**: Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
  Result: negative
  Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
  Test system: mammalian cells
  Result: negative
  Test Type: sister chromatid exchange assay
  Test system: mammalian cells
  Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Micronucleus test
  Species: Rat
  Cell type: Bone marrow
  Application Route: Oral
  Result: negative

**Citric acid:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
  Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
  Result: positive
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Cellulose:**
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Magnesium stearate:**
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Carcinogenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

(+/−)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 18 month(s)
LOAEL : 200 mg/kg body weight
Result : equivocal
Target Organs : Liver

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
LOAEL : 20 mg/kg body weight
Result : equivocal
Target Organs : Liver, Thyroid

**Cellulose:**
Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 72 weeks
Result : negative

**IARC**
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

**OSHA**
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

**NTP**
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

**Reproductive toxicity**
Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Components:**

\((\pm)-1,2,3,4,10,14b\text{-Hexahydro\text{-}2\text{-}methylpyrazino[2,1\text{-}a]\text{-}pyrido[2,3\text{-}c][2\text{-}]benzazepine}:\)

**Effects on fertility**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fertility: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms: Effect on estrous cycle, Increase of early resorptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility., Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Effects on fetal development**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type: Development</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species: Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route: Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 100 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected., No teratogenic effects.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 40 mg/kg body weight
Result: No adverse effects., No teratogenic effects.

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**

Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Citric acid:**
Effects on fetal development:  
Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Cellulose:**

**Effects on fertility:**  
Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development:  
Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Magnesium stearate:**

**Effects on fertility:**  
Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development:  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**STOT-single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT-repeated exposure**  
May cause damage to organs (Nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Components:**

\((\pm)-1,2,3,4,10,14b\text{-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino}[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine\):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Ingestion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Nervous system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment</td>
<td>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

\((\pm)-1,2,3,4,10,14b\text{-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino}[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>120 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Application Route
- Oral

### Exposure time
- 13 Weeks
- 52 Weeks

### Target Organs
- Nervous system
- Nervous system, Testis

### Species
- Dog
- Dog

### LOAEL
- 15 mg/kg
- 20 mg/kg

### Application Route
- Oral
- Oral

### Exposure time
- 13 Weeks
- 13 Weeks

### Symptoms
- Tremors
- Tremors

### Citric acid:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 4,000 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 8,000 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 10 Days

### Cellulose:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days

### Magnesium stearate:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: > 100 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

### Experience with human exposure

### Components:

(±)-1,2,3,4,10b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:

Ingestion: Symptoms: Drowsiness, constipation, dry mouth, asthenia, Dizziness, Disorientation
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

(+/-)-1,2,3,4,10b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 6.92 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: FDA 4.11

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 19.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5.7 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 3.6 mg/l
  Exposure time: 31 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.32 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50 (Natural microorganism): > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

  NOEC (Natural microorganism): < 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Citric acid:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l
  Exposure time: 24 h

Cellulose:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Magnesium stearate:
Toxicity to fish
- LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: DIN 38412
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
- EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 47 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  - No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
- EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
  - No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

  NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms
- EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): > 100 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 16 h
  - Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Citric acid:
Biodegradability
- Result: Readily biodegradable.
- Biodegradation: 97 %
- Exposure time: 28 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Cellulose:
Biodegradability
- Result: Readily biodegradable.

Magnesium stearate:
Biodegradability
- Result: Not biodegradable.
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

\((\pm)-1,2,3,4,10b\)-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino\([2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]\)benzazepine:

Bioaccumulation:
- Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 334
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</th>
<th>log Pow</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magnesium stearate</td>
<td></td>
<td>&gt; 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil

Components:

\((\pm)-1,2,3,4,10b\)-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino\([2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]\)benzazepine:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Distribution among environmental compartments</th>
<th>log Koc</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other adverse effects</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

- UNRTDG: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- IATA-DGR: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- IMDG-Code: Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards
- Combustible dust
- Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
- Reproductive toxicity
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313
- This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- D-mannitol 69-65-8
- (+/-)-1,2,3,4,10,14b-Hexahydro-2-methylpyrazino[2,1-a]pyrido[2,3-c][2]benzazepine 85650-52-8
- Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9003-39-8
- Cellulose 9004-34-6

California List of Hazardous Substances
- Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9003-39-8

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
- Cellulose 9004-34-6
- Magnesium stearate 557-04-0

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined
Further information

**NFPA 704:**

- **Health:** 1
- **Flammability:** 1
- **Instability:** 0

**HMIS® IV:**

- **HEALTH:** 2
- **FLAMMABILITY:** 3
- **PHYSICAL HAZARD:** 0

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

**Full text of other abbreviations:**

- AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances;
- ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials;
- bw - Body weight;
- CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act;
- CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant;
- DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation;
- DOT - Department of Transportation;
- DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada);
- ECx - Concentration associated with x% response;
- EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance;
- ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response;
- EmS - Emergency Schedule;
- ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan);
- EnCrx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response;
- ERG - Emergency Response Guide;
- GHS - Globally Harmonized System;
- GLP - Good Laboratory Practice;
- HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System;
- IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer;
- IATA - International Air Transport Association;
- IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk;
- IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration;
- ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization;
- IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China;
- IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods;
- IMO - International Maritime Organization;
- ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan);
- ISO - International Organisation for Standardization;
- KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory;
- LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population;
- LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose);
- MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;
- MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration;
- n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified;
- NFPA - National Fire Protection Association;
- NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration;
- NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level;
- NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate;
- NTP - National Toxicology Program;
- NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals;
- OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;
- OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention;
- PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic sub-
Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety Data Sheet:


Revision Date: 09/13/2019

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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