SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation
Other means of identification : No data available

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 2000 Galloping Hill Road
           Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Telefax : 908-735-1496
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Simple Asphyxiant : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Danger
Hazard Statements : H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
                    May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.
Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
                          P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
                          P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
                          P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
                          Response:
                          P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
                          Storage:
                          P405 Store locked up.
                          Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**
None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Ethanol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mometasone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Formoterol</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice**: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled**: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

**In case of skin contact**: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**If swallowed**: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**: May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

**Protection of first-aiders**: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.

**Notes to physician**: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

**Suitable extinguishing media**: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**: None known.
### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

- Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
- Ventilate the area.
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

**Environmental precautions**

- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Technical measures**

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Local/Total ventilation**

Use with local exhaust ventilation.

**Advice on safe handling**

- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Keep container tightly closed.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Conditions for safe storage:**
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

**Materials to avoid:**
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Self-reactive substances and mixtures
  - Organic peroxides
  - Oxidizing agents
  - Flammable solids
  - Pyrophoric liquids
  - Pyrophoric solids
  - Self-heating substances and mixtures
  - Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases
  - Explosives
  - Gases

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1,000 ppm 1,880 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1,000 ppm CA BC OEL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA EV</td>
<td>1,000 ppm 1,880 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1,000 ppm ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mometasone</td>
<td>83919-23-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit 10 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formoterol</td>
<td>43229-80-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 µg/m³ (OEB 5)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit 0.5 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection:**
- Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

**Filter type:**
- Self-contained breathing apparatus
Skin and body protection

Hygiene measures:
- Skin should be washed after contact.
- Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>aerosol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Color</td>
<td>white to off-white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>-16.5 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor pressure</td>
<td>3,900 hPa (20 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapor density</td>
<td>5.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>5.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity, kinematic</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive properties</td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Molecular weight
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions
If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Ethanol:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

**Mometasone:**
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 3.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

LC50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
### Test atmosphere: dust/mist

### Acute toxicity (other routes of administration):

- **Mometasone**: 
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous
  - Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

- **Formoterol**:
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 404</td>
<td>No skin irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 404</td>
<td>No skin irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Formoterol:

- **Acute oral toxicity**:
  - LD50 (Rat): 3,130 mg/kg
  - LD50 (Mouse): 6,700 mg/kg

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**:
  - LC50 (Rat): 1.5 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist

- **Acute dermal toxicity**:
  - Remarks: No data available

- **Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)**:
  - LD50 (Rat): 1,000 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous
  - LD50 (Mouse): 640 mg/kg
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

- **Ethanol**:
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
  - Result: No skin irritation

- **Mometasone**:
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: No skin irritation

- **Formoterol**:
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: No skin irritation
  - Remarks: slight irritation

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

- **Ethanol**:
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Mometasone:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Formoterol:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Mometasone:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitization.
Result: negative
Remarks: The results of a test on guinea pigs showed this substance to be a weak skin sensitizer.

Formoterol:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: equivocal

Mometasone:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: positive

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Species: Rat
Cell type: Bone marrow
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Species: Rat
Cell type: Liver cells
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Formoterol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity  
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:
- Species: Rat  
- Application Route: Inhalation  
- Exposure time: 2 Years  
- Dose: 0.067 mg/kg body weight  
- Result: negative

- Species: Mouse  
- Application Route: Inhalation  
- Exposure time: 19 Months  
- Dose: 0.160 mg/kg body weight  
- Result: negative

Formoterol:
- Species: Rat  
- Application Route: Oral  
- Exposure time: 2 Years  
- LOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg body weight  
- Target Organs: Ovary  
- Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

- Species: Mouse  
- Application Route: Oral  
- Exposure time: 18 month(s)  
- LOAEL: 2 mg/kg body weight  
- Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Liver, Uterus (including cervix)  
- Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity:  
May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Ethanol:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Mometasone:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Fertility: NOAEL: 0.015 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced fetal weight.  
Result: No effects on fertility., Effect on reproduction capacity.

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.06 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenicity and developmental toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Dermal  
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Dermal  
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., Malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Effects on newborn.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Embryo-fetal toxicity.: LOAEL: 0.7 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryo-fetal toxicity., Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

Formoterol:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Result: No effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rat
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No embryo-fetal toxicity. No malformations were observed.

- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rat
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
  Result: Malformations were observed.

- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Oral
  Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 60 mg/kg body weight
  Result: No embryo-fetal toxicity.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:
Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Formoterol:
Routes of exposure: Ingestion, inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system
Assessment: Causes damage to organs.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.
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Components:

Mometasone:
- Routes of exposure: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Target Organs: Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin
- Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Formoterol:
- Routes of exposure: Ingestion, inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Target Organs: Heart
- Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ethanol:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 1,280 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 3,156 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days

Mometasone:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 0.005 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 30 d
- Target Organs: Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

Species: Dog
- NOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 30 d
- Target Organs: Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 0.00013 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 90 d
- Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, Liver, thymus gland

Species: Dog
- NOAEL: 0.0005 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 90 d
- Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, thymus gland, Liver
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Version 6.0  Revision Date: 05/29/2019  SDS Number: 75376-00012  Date of last issue: 04/24/2019
Date of first issue: 03/16/2015

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### Formoterol:

**Species:** Dog  
**LOAEL:** >= 1.5 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Inhalation  
**Exposure time:** 13 Weeks  
**Target Organs:** Heart

**Species:** Rat  
**NOAEL:** 0.14 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Inhalation  
**Exposure time:** 13 Weeks  
**Target Organs:** Heart

**Species:** Dog  
**LOAEL:** 0.003 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Oral  
**Exposure time:** 1 y  
**Target Organs:** Heart

**Species:** Rat  
**LOAEL:** 0.3 mg/kg  
**Application Route:** Oral  
**Exposure time:** 1 y  
**Target Organs:** Heart

---

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

**Mometasone:**

Not applicable

---

**Experience with human exposure**

### Components:

**Mometasone:**

**Inhalation:** Symptoms: allergic rhinitis, Headache, pharyngitis, upper respiratory tract infection, sinusitis, oral candidiasis, Back pain, musculoskeletal pain, immune system effects, indigestion

**Skin contact:** Symptoms: Dermatitis, Itching

**Formoterol:**

**Inhalation:** Target Organs: Heart  
Symptoms: Palpitation, Tremors, Dizziness, Headache, dry mouth, Nausea, Fatigue
Further information

Components:

Mometasone:
Remarks : Dermal absorption possible

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Ethanol:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
                           EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l
                           Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 9 d
Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h

Mometasone:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 0.11 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
                           EC50 (Americanmysis): > 5 mg/l
                           Exposure time: 96 h
                           Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035
                           Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.2
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**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**
- **NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)):** 0.00014 mg/l
- Exposure time: 32 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 210
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**
- **NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):** 0.34 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Toxicity to microorganisms:**
- **EC50:** > 1,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 3 h
- Test Type: Respiration inhibition
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
- Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

**Formoterol:**
- **Toxicity to fish:**
  - **LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)):** > 120 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 96 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**
  - **EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)):** > 114 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 48 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:**
  - **EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** 94 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

  **NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** 30 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 72 h
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Ethanol:**
- **Biodegradability:**
  - Result: Readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 84%
  - Exposure time: 20 d
Mometasone:  
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 50%  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314  

Stability in water:  
Hydrolysis: 50% (12 d)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111  

Bioaccumulative potential  
Components:  
Ethanol:  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.35  

Mometasone:  
Bioaccumulation:  
Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)  
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 107.1  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305  

Formoterol:  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.68  

Mobility in soil  
Components:  
Mometasone:  
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 4.02  

Other adverse effects  
No data available  

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS  
Disposal methods:  
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.  
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.  
Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty (including propellant)
SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS
Class : 2.2
Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : 2.2

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : Aerosols, non-flammable
Class : 2.2
Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 203
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 203

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS
Class : 2.2
Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : 2.2
EmS Code : F-D, S-U
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS
Class : 2.2
Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : 2.2
ERG Code : 126
Marine pollutant : yes(Mometasone)

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Regulations
Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances) : 1,1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

AICS : not determined

DSL : not determined

IECSC : not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA BC OEL / STEL : short-term exposure limit
CA QC OEL / TWA EV : Time-weighted average exposure value

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECS - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

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Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


Revision Date: 05/29/2019

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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