1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Mometasone / Formoterol Metered Dose Inhaler Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company: MSD
Address: 50 Tuas West Drive
          Singapore  - Singapore  638408
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 65 6697 2111 (24/7/365)
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax: 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Aerosols: Category 3
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard: Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Warning
Hazard statements: H229 Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements: Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
No smoking.
P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
Response:
P391 Collect spillage.
Storage:
P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mometasone</td>
<td>83919-23-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.087 - &lt;= 0.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formoterol</td>
<td>43229-80-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.0009 - &lt;= 0.0087</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: None known.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
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Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:
Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion products:
Fluorine compounds
Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Ventilate the area.
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions:
Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
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Local/Total ventilation: Use with local exhaust ventilation.
Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>PEL (long term)</td>
<td>1,000 ppm 1,880 mg/m³</td>
<td>SG OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>1,000 ppm</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mometasone</td>
<td>83919-23-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1 µg/m³ (OEB 4)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>10 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formoterol</td>
<td>43229-80-7</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.05 µg/m³ (OEB 5)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>0.5 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Further information:
- Skin Wipe limit 10 µg/100 cm² Internal

Personal protective equipment

- Respiratory protection: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.
  - Filter type: Self-contained breathing apparatus

- Skin and body protection: Skin should be washed after contact.

- Hygiene measures: Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.
  - When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
  - Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: aerosol
Colour: white to off-white
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting due to the high vapor pressure. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

Acute toxicity: Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): 124.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Mometasone:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 3.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

LD50 (Mouse): > 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Rat): 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Symptoms: Breathing difficulties

Formoterol:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3,130 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 6,700 mg/kg
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Date of first issue: 16.03.2015

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 1.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : LD50 (Rat): 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous
LD50 (Mouse): 640 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:
Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Mometasone:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Formoterol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : slight irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Mometasone:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

Formoterol:
Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : negative

Mometasone:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Assessment : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Result : negative
Remarks : The results of a test on guinea pigs showed this substance to be a weak skin sensitizer.

Formoterol:
Test Type : Maximisation Test
Exposure routes : Dermal
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: equivocal

Mometasone:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells  
Result: positive

Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:

Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Species: Rat  
Cell type: Bone marrow  
Result: negative

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay  
Species: Rat  
Cell type: Liver cells  
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Formoterol:

Genotoxicity in vitro:

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration  
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:

Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Mometasone:
Species : Rat
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 2 Years
Dose : 0.067 mg/kg body weight
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 19 Months
Dose : 0.160 mg/kg body weight
Result : negative

Formoterol:
Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
LOAEL : 0.5 mg/kg body weight
Target Organs : Ovary
Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 18 month(s)
LOAEL : 2 mg/kg body weight
Target Organs : Adrenal gland, Liver, Uterus (including cervix)
Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Ethanol:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Mometasone:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Fertility: NOAEL: 0.015 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced embryonic survival, Reduced foetal weight
Result: No effects on fertility, Effect on reproduction capacity

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.06 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryotoxic effects., Teratogenicity and developmental toxicity

- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Dermal
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity

- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Dermal
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, Malformations were observed.

- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Subcutaneous
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.15 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Effects on newborn

- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 0.7 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment:
Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments., Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments.

**Formoterol:**

Effects on fertility:
- Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Fertility: NOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development:
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 0.2 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No malformations were observed.

- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
  - Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 3 mg/kg body weight
Result: Malformations were observed.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1.2 mg/kg body weight
Result: No embryo-foetal toxicity

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 60 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryo-foetal toxicity, No malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:
Remarks : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Formoterol:
Exposure routes : Ingestion, inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system
Assessment : Causes damage to organs.

STOT - repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:
Exposure routes : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Immune system, Liver, Kidney, Skin
Assessment : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Formoterol:
Exposure routes : Ingestion, inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Heart
Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Ethanol:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 1,280 mg/kg
LOAEL: 3,156 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Mometasone:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.005 mg/kg
LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 30 d
Target Organs: Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 30 d
Target Organs: Lymph nodes, Liver, Adrenal gland, Skin, thymus gland

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.00013 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 90 d
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, Liver, thymus gland

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.0005 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 90 d
Target Organs: Adrenal gland, Lungs, Lymph nodes, spleen, Bone marrow, Kidney, thymus gland, Liver

Formoterol:
Species: Dog
NOAEL: >= 1.5 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Heart

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 0.14 mg/kg
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Target Organs: Heart
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Species: Dog
LOAEL: 0.003 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 yr
Target Organs: Heart

Species: Rat
LOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 yr
Target Organs: Heart

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Mometasone:
Not applicable

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Mometasone:
Inhalation: Symptoms: allergic rhinitis, Headache, pharyngitis, upper respiratory tract infection, sinusitis, oral candidiasis, Back pain, musculoskeletal pain, immune system effects, indigestion
Skin contact: Symptoms: Dermatitis, Itching

Formoterol:
Inhalation: Target Organs: Heart
Symptoms: Palpitation, Tremors, Dizziness, Headache, dry mouth, Nausea, Fatigue

Further information

Components:

Mometasone:
Remarks: Dermal absorption possible

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Ethanol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia (water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
: ErC50 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 275 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

  EC10 (Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae)): 11.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)
Toxicity to microorganisms
: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l
  Exposure time: 9 d

: EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): 6,500 mg/l
  Exposure time: 16 h

Mometasone:
Toxicity to fish
: LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 0.11 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

  LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 7 d
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

  EC50 (Americamysis): > 5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: US-EPA OPPTS 850.1035
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 3.2 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)
: NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.00014 mg/l
  Exposure time: 32 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)
: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.34 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)
Toxicity to microorganisms
: 100

: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209  
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility  

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209  
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility  

Formoterol:  
Toxicity to fish:  
LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 120 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203  

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:  
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 114 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202  

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:  
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 94 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 30 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201  

Persistence and degradability  

Components:  

Ethanol:  
Biodegradability:  
Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 84 %  
Exposure time: 20 d  

Mometasone:  
Biodegradability:  
Result: Not readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 50 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314  

Stability in water:  
Hydrolysis: 50 % (12 d)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111  

Bioaccumulative potential  

Components:  

Ethanol:  
Partition coefficient: n-:  
log Pow: -0.35
octanol/water

**Mometasone:**
- Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 107.1
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.68

**Formoterol:**
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.41

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Mometasone:**
- Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 4.02

---

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**
- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
- If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
- Please ensure aerosol cans are sprayed completely empty (including propellant)

---

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
- UN number: UN 1950
- Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS
- Class: 2.2
- Packing group: Not assigned by regulation
- Labels: 2.2

**IATA-DGR**
- UN/ID No.: UN 1950
- Proper shipping name: Aerosols, non-flammable
- Class: 2.2
- Packing group: Not assigned by regulation
- Labels: Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 203
- Packing instruction (passen-: 203
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IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS (Mometasone)
Class : 2.2
Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : F-D, S-U
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Workplace Safety and Health Act and Workplace Safety and Health (General Provisions) Regulations: This product is subjected to the SDS, labelling, PEL and other requirements in the Act/Regulations.

Environmental Protection and Management Act and Environmental Protection and Management (Hazardous Substances) Regulations: Hydrofluorocarbons

Fire Safety (Petroleum and Flammable Materials) Regulations: Not applicable

Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances): 1,1,2,3,3,3-Heptafluoropropane

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data: Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-
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<td>75390-00012</td>
<td>24.04.2019</td>
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Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
SG OEL: Singapore. Workplace Safety and Health Act - First Schedule Permissible Exposure Limits of Toxic Substances
ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit
SG OEL / PEL (long term): Permissible Exposure Level (PEL) Long Term

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada);
ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; Em3 - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan);
ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observeable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

SG / EN