SAFETY DATA SHEET

Raltegravir Pediatric Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Raltegravir Pediatric Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier : Merck & Co., Inc
Address : 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical
Restrictions on use : Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Combustible dust
Serious eye damage : Category 1
Reproductive toxicity : Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms

Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261 Avoid breathing dust.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection
and face protection.

Response:
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Raltegravir</td>
<td>871038-72-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
Get medical attention.
Wash clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
Get medical attention.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms : Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of
and effects, both acute and delayed
the skin.
Causes serious eye damage.
May cause respiratory irritation.
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Protection of first-aiders:
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Fluorine compounds
Chlorine compounds
Sulfur oxides
Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Surround spill with absorbents and place a damp covering over the area to minimize entry of the material into the air.
Add excess liquid to allow the material to enter into solution.
Soak up with inert absorbent material.
Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces
with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Avoid breathing dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient/Condition</th>
<th>Workplace Control Parameters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inert or nuisance dust</td>
<td>50 Million particles per cubic foot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Value type (Form of exposure)</td>
<td>TWA (total dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basis</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
15 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)
Basis: OSHA Z-3

5 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)
Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 Million particles per cubic foot
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)
Basis: OSHA Z-3

Dust, nuisance dust and particulates
10 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (Total dust)
Basis: CAL PEL

5 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (respirable dust fraction)
Basis: CAL PEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Raltegravir</td>
<td>871038-72-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>1000 µg/m³ (OEB 1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures**: Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Apply measures to prevent dust explosions. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment). If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hand protection**

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough
time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often!
For special applications, we recommend clarifying the
resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective
gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before
breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.
If splashes are likely to occur, wear:
Face-shield

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical
resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure
potential.
Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective
clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide
eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the
working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : powder
Color : yellow-orange
Odor : No data available
Odor Threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : No data available
Evaporation rate : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing,
handling or other means.
Flammability (liquids) : No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method
Components:

Raltegravir:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Raltegravir:

Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Raltegravir:

Species: Bovine cornea
Result: Severe irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Raltegravir:

Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Raltegravir:

Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: reverse mutation assay
Result: negative

Test Type: Alkaline elution assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Raltegravir Pediatric Formulation

Genotoxicity in vivo
  - Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
  - Species: Mouse
  - Result: negative

  - Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
  - Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Raltegravir:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse, male and female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>104 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

IARC
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Raltegravir:

Effects on fertility
  - Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
  - Species: Rat, male and female
  - Application Route: Oral
  - General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: negative

Effects on fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Oral
  - General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: >= 600 mg/kg body weight
  - Teratogenicity: LOAEL F1: 300 mg/kg body weight
  - Symptoms: Skeletal malformations.
  - Result: positive

  - Species: Rabbit
  - General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: >= 1,000 mg/kg body weight
  - Teratogenicity: NOAEL: >= 1,000 mg/kg body weight
  - Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-
Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on
### Assessment
Animal experiments.

### STOT-single exposure
May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Components:

**Raltegravir:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Respiratory Tract</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment</td>
<td>May cause respiratory irritation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Components:

**Raltegravir:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dog</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>90 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>371 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Symptoms</td>
<td>Vomiting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>30 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>120 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>189 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Stomach</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>500 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>14 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Stomach</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>50 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>200 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>8 Weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Stomach</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

#### Experience with human exposure

#### Components:

**Raltegravir:**
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Raltegravir Pediatric Formulation

Ingestion: Symptoms: Nausea, Diarrhea, Headache, Fever, Rash, Skin irritation

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Raltegravir:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 66 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 33 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):
NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Raltegravir:
Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
  Biodegradation: 50 %
  Exposure time: 9 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

Stability in water: Hydrolysis: < 10 % (5 d)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Raltegravir:
  Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -0.328

Mobility in soil:
  No data available

Other adverse effects:
  No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods:
  Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
    Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
  Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste
    handling site for recycling or disposal.
    If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
  Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
  Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
  Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
  Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
  Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
  Not applicable
SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards:
- Combustible dust
- Reproductive toxicity
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation
- Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313:
- This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know
- D-mannitol 69-65-8
- Raltegravir 871038-72-1
- Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9003-39-8
- 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 1,1-dioxide, sodium salt 128-44-9

California List of Hazardous Substances
- Polyvinyl pyrrolidone 9003-39-8

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
- AICS: not determined
- DSL: not determined
- IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Raltegravir Pediatric Formulation**

**Version 9.0**
**Revision Date: 03/20/2023**
**SDS Number: 20384-00024**
**Date of last issue: 10/01/2022**
**Date of first issue: 10/09/2014**

**NFPA 704:**

- **Flammability:**
  - 1
  - 0

- **Health:**
  - 3

- **Instability:**
  - 0

**HMIS® IV:**

- **HEALTH:**
  - * (chronic hazard)
  - 3

- **FLAMMABILITY:**
  - 3

- **PHYSICAL HAZARD:**
  - 0

**Full text of other abbreviations**

- **CAL PEL**: California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)
- **OSHA Z-3**: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
- **CAL PEL / PEL**: Permissible exposure limit
- **OSHA Z-3 / TWA**: 8-hour time weighted average

**Abbreviations**

- **AIIC**: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- **ASTM**: American Society for the Testing of Materials
- **bw**: Body weight
- **CERCLA**: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
- **CMR**: Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant
- **DIN**: Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation
- **DOT**: Department of Transportation
- **DSL**: Domestic Substances List (Canada)
- **EC**: Concentration associated with x% response
- **EHS**: Extremely Hazardous Substance
- **EmS**: Emergency Schedule
- **ENCS**: Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan)
- **ERG**: Emergency Response Guide
- **GHS**: Globally Harmonized System
- **GLP**: Good Laboratory Practice
- **HMIS**: Hazardous Materials Identification System
- **IARC**: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- **IATA**: International Air Transport Association
- **IBC**: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
- **IC50**: Half maximal inhibitory concentration
- **ICAO**: International Civil Aviation Organization
- **IECSC**: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China
- **IMDG**: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- **IMO**: International Maritime Organization
- **ISHL**: Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan)
- **ISO**: International Organisation for Standardization
- **KECI**: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- **LC50**: Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population
- **LD50**: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
- **MARPOL**: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
- **MSHA**: Mine Safety and Health Administration
- **n.o.s.**: Not Otherwise Specified
- **NFPA**: National Fire Protection Association
- **NO(A)EC**: No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration
- **NO(A)EL**: No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level
- **NOELR**: No Observable Effect Loading Rate
- **NOEL**: No Observed Effect Level
- **OPPTS**: Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
- **PBT**: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
- **PICCS**: Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- **Q SAR**: (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship
- **RCRA**: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
- **REACH**: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concern-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Raltegravir Pediatric Formulation

Version 9.0 Revision Date: 03/20/2023 SDS Number: 20384-00024 Date of last issue: 10/01/2022 Date of first issue: 10/09/2014


Revision Date: 03/20/2023

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8