SAFETY DATA SHEET
Ribavirin Liquid Formulation

Section 1: Identification

Product name : Ribavirin Liquid Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company : MSD
Address : 33 Whakatiki Street - Private Bag 908
          Upper Hutt - New Zealand
Telephone : 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Telefax : 908-735-1496

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification
Germ cell mutagenicity : Muta.2
Reproductive toxicity : Repr.1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : STOT RE2 (Blood)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : 
Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
                           H360Df May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
                           H373 May cause damage to organs (Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:
                           P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
                           P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
                           P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
                           P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.
Response:
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
- P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
- P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
None known.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td>Sucrose</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Glycerine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ribavirin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice
- In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
- When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled
- If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
- Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact
- In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Get medical attention.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact
- Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
- Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
- Suspected of causing genetic defects.
- May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Protection of first-aiders
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).
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Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Use personal protective equipment.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g. by containment or oil barriers).
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material.
For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
- If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Store locked up.
- Keep tightly closed.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sucrose</td>
<td>57-50-1</td>
<td>WES-TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Propylene glycol</td>
<td>57-55-6</td>
<td>WES-TWA (particulate)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>WES-TWA (Vapour and particulates)</td>
<td>150 ppm (Vapour) 474 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glycerine</td>
<td>56-81-5</td>
<td>WES-TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NZ OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribavirin</td>
<td>36791-04-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>25 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>250 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
- Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., dripless quick connections).
- All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to
protect products, workers, and the environment. Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices). Minimize open handling.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Filter type</th>
<th>Combined particulates and organic vapour type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Hand protection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Chemical-resistant gloves</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Remarks**

Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**

Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

---

**Section 9: Physical and chemical properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>clear</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>4.8 - 5.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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**Ribavirin Liquid Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
- **Vapour pressure**: No data available
- **Relative vapour density**: No data available
- **Relative density**: No data available
- **Density**: No data available
- **Solubility(ies)**
  - **Water solubility**: No data available
- **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water**: Not applicable
- **Auto-ignition temperature**: No data available
- **Decomposition temperature**: No data available
- **Viscosity**
  - **Viscosity, kinematic**: No data available
- **Explosive properties**: Not explosive
- **Oxidizing properties**: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
- **Particle size**: Not applicable

**Section 10: Stability and reactivity**

- **Reactivity**: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
- **Chemical stability**: Stable under normal conditions.
- **Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
- **Conditions to avoid**: None known.
- **Incompatible materials**: Oxidizing agents
- **Hazardous decomposition products**: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

**Section 11: Toxicological information**

- **Exposure routes**: Inhalation, Skin contact, Ingestion, Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Acute oral toxicity</th>
<th>Acute dermal toxicity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sucrose</strong></td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 29,700 mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Propylene glycol</strong></td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Rabbit): &gt; 2,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Glycerine</strong></td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Guinea pig): &gt; 5,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ribavirin</strong></td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 4,116 - 5,584 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): &gt; 10,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): &gt; 10,000 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Dog): &gt;= 1,500 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute dermal toxicity</strong></td>
<td>Remarks: No data available</td>
<td>Remarks: No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute toxicity (other routes of administration)</strong></td>
<td>LD50 (Rat): 1,554 - 1,758 mg/kg</td>
<td>LD50 (Mouse): 1,268 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Application Route: Intraperitoneal</td>
<td>Application Route: Intraperitoneal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

**Propylene glycol:**

- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 404
- **Result**: No skin irritation
Glycerine:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Ribavirin:
Remarks: No data available
May irritate skin.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Glycerine:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Ribavirin:
Remarks: No data available
May irritate eyes.

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

Ribavirin:
Remarks: No data available

**Chronic toxicity**

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Components:

Sucrose:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Propylene glycol:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Glycerine:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: negative
Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Ribavirin:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Rodent cell line
Result: positive
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: dominant lethal test
Species: Rat
Result: negative
Test Type: Mouse Lymphoma
Species: Mouse
Result: positive
Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: positive
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Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Glycerine:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative

Ribavirin:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Months
LOAEL: 75 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Target Organs: Blood, Testes
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
Result: negative
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Reproductive toxicity
May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study
Ribavirin Liquid Formulation

Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Glycerine:  
Effects on fertility  
Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development  
Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Ribavirin:  
Effects on fertility  
Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat, male  
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection  
Fertility: LOAEL: < 20 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: Reduced fertility  
Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Mouse, male  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 35 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: Reduced fertility  
Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat, females  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 10 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat, male  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 160 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on foetal development  
Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: <= 1 mg/kg body weight  
Symptoms: Reduced body weight, Reduced number of viable fetuses, Skeletal malformations  
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the off-
spring were detected.

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Reduced body weight, Skeletal malformations
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Test Type: Development
Species: Hamster
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Skeletal and visceral variations, Total Resorptions / resorption rate
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected.

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 0.3 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Symptoms: Skeletal malformations
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Some evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Ribavirin:**
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
May cause damage to organs (Blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Components:**

**Ribavirin:**
Exposure routes: Ingestion
Target Organs: Blood
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:**

**Propylene glycol:**
- Species: Rat, male
- NOAEL: 1,700 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 2 yr

**Glycerine:**
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 0.167 mg/l
- LOAEL: 0.622 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 13 Weeks
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 8,000 - 10,000 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 2 yr
- Species: Rabbit
- NOAEL: 5,040 mg/kg
- Application Route: Skin contact
- Exposure time: 45 Weeks

**Ribavirin:**
- Species: Monkey
- LOAEL: 30 mg/kg
- Exposure time: 10 d
- Target Organs: Blood, Gastrointestinal tract
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 7.6 mg/kg
- Application Route: Inhalation
- Exposure time: 90 d
- Target Organs: Blood, Lungs
- Species: Dog
- NOAEL: 5 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 1 yr
- Target Organs: Blood, Gastrointestinal tract
- Species: Mouse
- NOAEL: 20 mg/kg
- Application Route: Oral
- Exposure time: 18 Months
- Target Organs: Blood, Cardio-vascular system

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.
Experience with human exposure

Components:

Ribavirin:
Inhalation: Symptoms: Headache, Dizziness
Remarks: Based on Human Evidence
Skin contact: Remarks: May cause eye irritation.
Based on Human Evidence
Eye contact: Remarks: May cause eye irritation.
Based on Human Evidence
Ingestion: Symptoms: blood effects, immune system effects, anorexia, Dizziness, insomnia, Fatigue, Headache, Itching, Rash, liver function change, Gastrointestinal disturbance

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Propylene glycol:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 18,340 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 19,300 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 13,020 mg/l
Exposure time: 7 d
Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 18 h

Glycerine:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 54,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,955 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 16 h
Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Ribavirin:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 119 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 117 mg/l
aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 119 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 6.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms
EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Components:
Propylene glycol:
Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98.3 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Glycerine:
Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 92 %
Exposure time: 30 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Bioaccumulative potential
Components:
Sucrose:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Pow: < 1

Propylene glycol:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water log Pow: -1.07

Glycerine:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water log Pow: -1.75

Ribavirin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water log Pow: 0.971
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Ribavirin Liquid Formulation

Version: 2.10
Revision Date: 09/13/2019
SDS Number: 402761-00012
Date of last issue: 24.04.2019
Date of first issue: 10.12.2015

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods**
- **Waste from residues**: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- **Contaminated packaging**: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

**International Regulations**
- **UNRTDG**: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- **IATA-DGR**: Not regulated as a dangerous good
- **IMDG-Code**: Not regulated as a dangerous good

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**
Not applicable for product as supplied.

**National Regulations**
- **NZS 5433**: Not regulated as a dangerous good

Section 15: Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**HSNO Approval Number**
HSR100425 Pharmaceutical Active Ingredients Group Standard 2017

**HSW Controls**
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

**The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:**
- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
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Ribavirin Liquid Formulation

Version 2.10  Revision Date: 09/13/2019
SDS Number: 402761-00012  Date of last issue: 24.04.2019
Date of first issue: 10.12.2015

IECSC : not determined

Section 16: Other information

Further information

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-TWA : Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; ICSO - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only
to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS mate-
rial is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. 
Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their 
intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the ap-
propriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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