1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Sitagliptin / Metformin Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : MSD
Address : Kumagaya, Saitama Prefecture, Xicheng 810 MSD Co., Ltd. Menuma factory
Telephone : 048-588-8411
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com
Emergency telephone number : 1-908-423-6000

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : !

Signal word : Warning
Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
Precautionary statements : Prevention:
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Response:
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Important symptoms and outlines of the emergency assumed : Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
<th>ENCS No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate</td>
<td>151-21-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.25 - &lt; 1</td>
<td>2-1679</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>metformin hydrochloride</td>
<td>1115-70-4</td>
<td>&gt;= 70 - &lt; 80</td>
<td>2-2883</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitagliptin</td>
<td>654671-77-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 2.5 - &lt; 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
<td>1-558, 5-5225</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Harmful if swallowed. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.
Specific hazards during firefighting: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Minimize dust generation and accumulation.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact:
Oxidizing agents

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Storage
Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labelled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

Packaging material:
Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Threshold limit value and permissible exposure limits for each component in the work environment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>metformin hydrochloride</td>
<td>1115-70-4</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m3 (OEB 1)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sitagliptin</td>
<td>654671-77-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.5 mg/m3 (OEB 2)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Titanium dioxide</td>
<td>13463-67-7</td>
<td>OEL-M (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>1 mg/m3 (Titanium)</td>
<td>JP OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>JSOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Class 2 Dust</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OEL-M (Total dust)</td>
<td>4 mg/m3 (Titanium)</td>
<td>JP OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>JSOH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further information: Class 2 Dust</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.
Titanium dioxide

**Engineering measures**: Use feasible engineering controls to minimize exposure to compound.
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.

**Personal protective equipment**

** Respiratory protection**: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

- **Filter type**: Particulates type
- **Hand protection Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

** Eye protection**: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

** Skin and body protection**: Work uniform or laboratory coat.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- **Appearance**: powder
- **Colour**: No data available
- **Odour**: No data available
- **Odour Threshold**: No data available
- **pH**: No data available
- **Melting point/freezing point**: No data available
- **Initial boiling point and boiling range**: No data available
- **Flash point**: Not applicable
- **Evaporation rate**: Not applicable
- **Flammability (solid, gas)**: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
- **Flammability (liquids)**: No data available
- **Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit**: No data available
- **Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit**: No data available
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
Avoid dust formation.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Harmful if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 1,380 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method
Components:

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,200 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

metformin hydrochloride:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 1,450 - 3,500 mg/kg
LD50 (Monkey): 463 mg/kg
LD50 (Rabbit): 350 mg/kg
LD50 (Guinea pig): 500 mg/kg

Sitagliptin:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 3,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 3,000 mg/kg

Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide:
Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation

**metformin hydrochloride:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild skin irritation

**Sitagliptin:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: Draize Test
Result: No skin irritation

**Titanium dioxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**metformin hydrochloride:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Mild eye irritation

**Sitagliptin:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritating to eyes.
Method: Draize Test

**Titanium dioxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sitagliptin:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: Not a skin sensitizer.

Titanium dioxide:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

metformin hydrochloride:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative
Test Type: In vitro assay
Test system: mouse lymphoma cells
Result: negative
Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Micronucleus test
**Sitagliptin / Metformin Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>09/13/2019</td>
<td>27112-00014</td>
<td>2019/04/24</td>
<td>2014/10/31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Result: negative

**Sitagliptin:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type:</th>
<th>Result:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ames test</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells  
Result: negative

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)  
Test system: rat hepatocytes  
Result: negative

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type:</th>
<th>Species:</th>
<th>Application Route:</th>
<th>Result:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Micronucleus test</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cellulose:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type:</th>
<th>Result:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: negative

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type:</th>
<th>Species:</th>
<th>Application Route:</th>
<th>Result:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Titanium dioxide:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vitro</th>
<th>Test Type:</th>
<th>Result:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Genotoxicity in vivo</th>
<th>Test Type:</th>
<th>Species:</th>
<th>Result:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In vivo micronucleus test</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**

Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 2 Years
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

metformin hydrochloride:
Species: Mouse  
Exposure time: 91 weeks  
Dose: 1500 mg/kg body weight  
Result: negative  

Species: Rat, male  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 104 weeks  
Dose: 900 mg/kg body weight  
Result: negative

Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 104 weeks  
LOAEL: 900 mg/kg body weight  
Result: negative  
Target Organs: Uterus (including cervix)  
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Sitagliptin:
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: negative  

Species: Rat  
Application Route: oral (drinking water)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Result: positive  
Target Organs: Liver  
Remarks: Significant toxicity observed in testing  
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Cellulose:
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 72 weeks  
Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat  
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Exposure time: 2 Years  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
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Result: positive
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals.

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

metformin hydrochloride:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fertility

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 600 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOAEL: 140 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No teratogenic effects

Sitagliptin:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL Parent: 1,000 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on foetal development: Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Teratogenicity: LOAEL: 250 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected. No teratogenic effects

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Rabbit
Teratogenicity: NOAEL: 125 mg/kg body weight
Result: No teratogenic effects

**Cellulose:**

**Effects on fertility**
Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**Effects on foetal development**
Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 488 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**metformin hydrochloride:**
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 125 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 year
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Rabbit
NOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 Year
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous  
Exposure time: 2 year  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Sitagliptin:**

Species: Mouse  
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: > 2 yr  
Target Organs: Kidney

Species: Rat  
NOAEL: 500 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 14 Weeks  
Target Organs: Liver, Kidney, Heart, Teeth

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 50 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 53 Weeks  
Target Organs: Central nervous system  
Symptoms: Loss of balance  
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species: Dog  
NOAEL: 2 mg/kg  
LOAEL: 10 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 27 Weeks  
Target Organs: Skeletal muscle, Central nervous system  
Symptoms: Loss of balance  
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species: Monkey  
NOAEL: 100 mg/kg  
Application Route: Oral  
Exposure time: 14 Weeks  
Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

**Cellulose:**

Species: Rat  
NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 90 Days

**Titanium dioxide:**

Species: Rat
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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NOAEL: 24,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days
Species: Rat
NOAEL: 10 mg/m³
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 yr

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
metformin hydrochloride:
Skin contact: Remarks: May irritate skin.
Eye contact: Remarks: May irritate eyes.
Ingestion: Symptoms: Diarrhoea, Nausea, Vomiting, Gastrointestinal discomfort, flatulence, asthenia, Fatigue, Headache

Sitagliptin:
Inhalation: Symptoms: upper respiratory tract infection, pharyngitis, Headache
Ingestion: Symptoms: upper respiratory tract infection, nasopharyngitis, Headache, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 29 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 5.55 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 120 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 30 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): >= 1.357 mg/l Exposure time: 42 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 0.88 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d
Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: 135 mg/l
**Exposure time**: 3 h

**metformin hydrochloride:**

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 33 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 40 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Sitagliptin:**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 60 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 39 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 9.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 33 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 150 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

NOEC: 150 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Test Type: Respiration inhibition

**Cellulose:**  
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Titanium dioxide:**  
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 1,000 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:**  
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.  
Biodegradation: 95 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**metformin hydrochloride:**  
Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degradable  
Biodegradation: 50 %  
Exposure time: 2 hrs

**Sitagliptin:**  
Biodegradability : Result: not rapidly degradable  
Biodegradation: 39.7 %  
Exposure time: 28 d  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Stability in water : Hydrolysis: 50 % (401 d)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111
Cellulose:
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:
Sodium n-dodecyl sulfate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 0.83

metformin hydrochloride:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -2

Sitagliptin:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.03

Mobility in soil

Components:
metformin hydrochloride:
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 4.3
Method: OECD Test Guideline 106

Sitagliptin:
Distribution among environmental compartments : log Koc: 4.37

Hazardous to the ozone layer
Not applicable

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations
UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Sitagliptin / Metformin Formulation

Version 6.2
Revision Date: 09/13/2019
SDS Number: 27112-00014
Date of last issue: 2019/04/24
Date of first issue: 2014/10/31

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations
Refer to section 15 for specific national regulation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Related Regulations

Fire Service Law
Not applicable to dangerous materials / designated flammables.

Chemical Substance Control Law
Priority Assessment Chemical Substance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium alkyl(C=8-18) sulfate</td>
<td>214</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Industrial Safety and Health Law

Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacture
Not applicable

Harmful Substances Required Permission for Manufacture
Not applicable

Substances Prevented From Impairment of Health
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 2: Information on Existing Chemicals having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Circular concerning Information on Chemicals having Mutagenicity - Annex 1: Information on Notified Substances having Mutagenicity
Not applicable

Substances Subject to be Notified Names
Article 57-2 (Enforcement Order Table 9)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Concentration (%)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Titanium(IV) oxide</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>&gt;=0.1 - &lt;1</td>
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</table>

Substances Subject to be Indicated Names
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards Due to Specified Chemical Substances
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Lead Poisoning
Not applicable

Ordinance on Prevention of Tetraalkyl Lead Poisoning
Not applicable
16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**Sitagliptin / Metformin Formulation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
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<td>6.2</td>
<td>09/13/2019</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Full text of other abbreviations**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Full Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH / TWA</td>
<td>8-hour, time-weighted average</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JP OEL JSOH / OEL-M</td>
<td>Occupational Exposure Limit-Mean</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AIICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

JP / EN