SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519

Temozolomide Injection Formulation

Version 9.0  Revision Date: 2021/03/22  SDS Number: 27560-00019  Date of last issue: 2020/10/16

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Temozolomide Injection Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company: MSD
Address: 199 Wenhai North Road
HEDA, Hangzhou - Zhejiang Province - CHINA 310018
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number: 86-571-87268110
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview
Appearance: powder
Colour: white
Odour: No data available
Toxic if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral): Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity: Category 2
Carcinogenicity: Category 2
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 2

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 🍃 ⚠️
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Date of first issue: 2014/11/03

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements :
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:
P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. Rinse mouth.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage:
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Physical and chemical hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Health hazards
Toxic if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Environmental hazards
Not classified based on available information.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
Temozolomide Injection Formulation

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Toxic if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.
Specific hazards during firefighting: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Metal oxides, Chlorine compounds.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust.
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Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Avoidance of contact: Oxidizing agents

Storage
Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Explosives

Packaging material: Unsuitable material: None known.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temozolomide</td>
<td>85622-93-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 µg/m³ (OEB 5)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>1 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures: Use closed processing systems or containment technologies to control at source (e.g., glove boxes/isolators) and to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace. All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment. No open handling permitted. Totally enclosed processes and materials transport systems are required. Operations require the use of appropriate containment technology designed to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace.
Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

Filter type: Particulates type

Eye/face protection: Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles. Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

Skin and body protection: Work uniform or laboratory coat. Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces. Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Consider double gloving.

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: powder

Colour: white

Odour: No data available

Odour Threshold: No data available

pH: No data available

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: Not applicable

Evaporation rate: Not applicable
### Temozolomide Injection Formulation

**Flammability (solid, gas):** May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

**Flammability (liquids):** No data available

**Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit:** No data available

**Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit:** No data available

**Vapour pressure:** Not applicable

**Relative vapour density:** Not applicable

**Relative density:** No data available

**Density:** No data available

**Solubility(ies):**
- **Water solubility:** soluble

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:** Not applicable

**Auto-ignition temperature:** No data available

**Decomposition temperature:** No data available

**Viscosity:**
- **Viscosity, kinematic:** Not applicable

**Explosive properties:** Not explosive

**Oxidizing properties:** The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

**Molecular weight:** No data available

**Particle size:** No data available

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions to avoid:** Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid dust formation.

**Incompatible materials:** Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products:** No hazardous decomposition products are known.
11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Exposure routes:
- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Toxic if swallowed.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 241.75 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Citric acid:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Sodium chloride:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3,550 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 42 mg/l
Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Temozolomide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Dog): 19 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): 315 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 205 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Citric acid:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Sodium chloride:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Sodium chloride:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Sodium chloride:**
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

**Temozolomide:**
Test Type: Maximisation Test
Exposure routes: Dermal
Species: Guinea pig
Result: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Suspected of causing genetic defects.

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Result: negative
- Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test
  Result: positive
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>2021/03/22</td>
<td>27560-00019</td>
<td>2020/10/16</td>
<td>2014/11/03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

Sodium chloride:

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - Result: positive
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Saccharomyces cerevisiae, gene mutation assay (in vitro)
  - Result: positive
- Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  - Result: positive
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: positive
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
- Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Result: negative
- Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
- Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Temozolomide:

Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Result: positive
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - Test system: Human lymphocytes
  - Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment:
- Positive results from in vitro mammalian mutagenicity assays, chemical structure activity relationship to known germ cell mutagens.
**Carcinogenicity**
Suspected of causing cancer.

**Components:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Sodium chloride:</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Temozolomide:</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>6 Months</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs</td>
<td>Mammary gland</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Carcinogenicity - Assessment** | Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies |

**Reproductive toxicity**
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

**Components:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Citric acid:</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Effects on foetal development</td>
<td>Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study Species: Rat Application Route: Ingestion Result: negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Temozolomide:</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Effects on fertility</td>
<td>Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development Species: Rat, male Application Route: Oral Fertility: LOAEL: 8.5 mg/kg body weight Result: positive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Effects on foetal development | Test Type: Embryo-foetal development Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 13 mg/kg body weight Result: positive, Malformations were observed. |

| Reproductive toxicity - Assessment | Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments. |
**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Temozolomide:**
- **Exposure routes**: Ingestion
- **Target Organs**: Bone marrow, thymus gland, Lymph nodes, spleen
- **Assessment**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
- **Species**: Rat
- **NOAEL**: 4,000 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 8,000 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 10 Days

**Sodium chloride:**
- **Species**: Rat
- **LOAEL**: 2,533 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Ingestion
- **Exposure time**: 2 yr

**Temozolomide:**
- **Species**: Rat, female
- **NOAEL**: 4 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 21 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 6 Months
- **Target Organs**: Lymph nodes, thymus gland, Bone marrow, Reproductive organs

- **Species**: Rat, male
  - **NOAEL**: 8.5 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL**: 34 mg/kg
  - **Application Route**: Oral
  - **Exposure time**: 6 Months
  - **Target Organs**: Lymph nodes, thymus gland, Bone marrow, male reproductive organs, Gastrointestinal tract

- **Species**: Dog
  - **NOAEL**: 2.5 mg/kg
  - **LOAEL**: 6.3 mg/kg
  - **Application Route**: Oral
  - **Exposure time**: 6 Months
Target Organs : Bone marrow, spleen, male reproductive organs, Gastrointestinal tract, thymus gland

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:
Temozolomide:
Ingestion : Symptoms: Blood disorders, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, anorexia, Fatigue, hair loss

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Citric acid:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l
  Exposure time: 24 h

Sodium chloride:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 5,840 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,136 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : EC50: > 2,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 252 mg/l
  Exposure time: 33 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 314 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: > 1,000 mg/l

Temozolomide:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
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**Method: OECD Test Guideline 202**

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**
- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 90 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 40 mg/l**
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Exposure time**: 72 h

**Method**: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to microorganisms**
- EC50: > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 3 h
- Test Type: Respiration inhibition
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
  - Biodegradation: 97%
  - Exposure time: 28 d
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

**Temozolomide:**
- Biodegradability: Result: rapidly degradable
  - Biodegradation: 83%
  - Exposure time: 35 d

**Stability in water**
- Degradation half life (DT50): < 1 d

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: -1.72

**Temozolomide:**
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.35

**Mobility in soil**
No data available

**Other adverse effects**
No data available
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations
UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good
IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations
GB 6944/12268
Not regulated as a dangerous good
Special precautions for user
Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

National regulatory information
Law on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.