1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Temozolomide Injection Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company : MSD
Address : Briahnager - Off Pune Nagar Road
Wagholi - Pune - India 412 207
Telephone : +1-908-740-4000
Emergency telephone number : +1-908-423-6000
E-mail address : EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Pharmaceutical

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemicals Rules 1989

Classification
Not classified as hazardous according to criteria laid down in Part I of Schedule-1.

GHS Classification
Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 2
Carcinogenicity : Category 2
Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral) : Category 2 (Bone marrow, thymus gland, Lymph nodes, spleen)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger
Hazard statements : H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow, thymus gland, Lymph nodes, spleen) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary statements:
Prevention:
P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
Response:
P301 + P316 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately. Rinse mouth.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.
P337 + P317 If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.
Storage:
P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.
May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chemical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Citric acid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium chloride</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temozolomide</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice:
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately.
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled:
If inhaled, remove to fresh air.
In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Toxic if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Metal oxides Chlorine compounds

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.
6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spills cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation:
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labelled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
**SAFETY DATA SHEET**

**Temozolomide Injection Formulation**

Version: 7.0  
Revision Date: 22.03.2021  
SDS Number: 27568-00019  
Date of last issue: 16.10.2020  
Date of first issue: 03.11.2014

**Materials to avoid:**  
Do not store with the following product types:  
Explosives

---

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Temozolomide</td>
<td>85622-93-1</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 ug/m3 (OEB 5)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>1 µg/100 cm2</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering measures:**  
Use closed processing systems or containment technologies to control at source (e.g., glove boxes/isolators) and to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace.  
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.  
No open handling permitted.  
Totally enclosed processes and materials transport systems are required.  
Operations require the use of appropriate containment technology designed to prevent leakage of compounds into the workplace.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection:**  
If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.

**Filter type:**  
Particulates type

**Hand protection:**  
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks:**  
Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection:**  
Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.  
If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.  
Wear a facemask or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection:**  
Work uniform or laboratory coat.  
Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleeveless, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.  
Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

**Hygiene measures:**  
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.  
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.  
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting point/freezing point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial boiling point and boiling range</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation rate</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (liquids)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour pressure</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative vapour density</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility(ies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water solubility</td>
<td>soluble</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Viscosity

**Viscosity, kinematic**: Not applicable

## Explosive properties

**Explosive properties**: Not explosive

## Oxidizing properties

**Oxidizing properties**: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

## Molecular weight

**Molecular weight**: No data available

## Particle size

**Particle size**: No data available

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity**: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability**: Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

- Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions to avoid**: Heat, flames and sparks.

**Incompatible materials**: Avoid dust formation.

**Hazardous decomposition products**: Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products**: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

- Inhalation
- Skin contact
- Ingestion
- Eye contact

**Acute toxicity**: Toxic if swallowed.

### Product:

**Acute oral toxicity**: Acute toxicity estimate: 241.75 mg/kg

**Method**: Calculation method

### Components:

#### Citric acid:

**Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Mouse): 5,400 mg/kg

**Acute dermal toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

**Method**: OECD Test Guideline 402

**Assessment**: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

#### Sodium chloride:

**Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): 3,550 mg/kg

**Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Rat): > 42 mg/l
Exposure time: 1 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

**Temozolomide:**

Acute oral toxicity:
- LD50 (Dog): 19 mg/kg
- LD50 (Rat): 315 mg/kg
- LD50 (Mouse): 205 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

- **Citric acid:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
  - Result: No skin irritation

- **Sodium chloride:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Components:**

- **Citric acid:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
  - Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

- **Sodium chloride:**
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Result: No eye irritation

**Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

**Skin sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Respiratory sensitisation**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

- **Sodium chloride:**
  - Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
### Exposure routes:
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Result**: negative

### Temozolomide:
- **Test Type**: Maximisation Test
- **Exposure routes**: Dermal
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative

### Germ cell mutagenicity
Suspected of causing genetic defects.

### Components:

#### Citric acid:
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Result: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test  
  Result: positive
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Result: negative

#### Sodium chloride:
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
  Result: positive
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
  Result: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Saccharomyces cerevisiae, gene mutation assay (in vitro)  
  Result: positive
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)  
  Result: positive
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
  Result: positive
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
  Result: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

**Temozolomide:**

**Genotoxicity in vitro**
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: positive

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Positive results from in vitro mammalian mutagenicity assays, chemical structure activity relationship to known germ cell mutagens

**Carcinogenicity**
Suspected of causing cancer.

**Components:**

**Sodium chloride:**
Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

**Temozolomide:**
Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 6 Months
Result : positive
Target Organs : Mammary gland

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**
Effects on foetal development : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

**Temozolomide:**

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
- Species: Rat, male  
- Application Route: Oral  
- Fertility: LOAEL: 8.5 mg/kg body weight  
- Result: positive

**Effects on foetal development**
- Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
- Species: Rat  
- Application Route: Oral  
- Embryo-foetal toxicity: LOAEL: 13 mg/kg body weight  
- Result: positive, Malformations were observed.

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**
- Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT - single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT - repeated exposure**
May cause damage to organs (Bone marrow, thymus gland, Lymph nodes, spleen) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

**Components:**

**Temozolomide:**

**Exposure routes**
- Ingestion

**Target Organs**
- Bone marrow, thymus gland, Lymph nodes, spleen

**Assessment**
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOAEL</td>
<td>4,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>8,000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>10 Days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sodium chloride:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>2,533 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 yr</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Temozolomide Injection Formulation

Version 7.0  Revision Date: 22.03.2021  SDS Number: 27568-00019  Date of last issue: 16.10.2020
Date of first issue: 03.11.2014

Temozolomide:
- **Species**: Rat, female
- **NOAEL**: 4 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 21 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 6 Months
- **Target Organs**: Lymph nodes, thymus gland, Bone marrow, Reproductive organs

Species: Rat, male
- **NOAEL**: 8.5 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 34 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 6 Months
- **Target Organs**: Lymph nodes, thymus gland, Bone marrow, male reproductive organs, Gastrointestinal tract

Species: Dog
- **NOAEL**: 2.5 mg/kg
- **LOAEL**: 6.3 mg/kg
- **Application Route**: Oral
- **Exposure time**: 6 Months
- **Target Organs**: Bone marrow, spleen, male reproductive organs, Gastrointestinal tract, thymus gland

**Aspiration toxicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Experience with human exposure**

**Components:**

Temozolomide:
- **Ingestion**: Symptoms: Blood disorders, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, anorexia, Fatigue, hair loss

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Components**:

**Citric acid**:
- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1,535 mg/l
  Exposure time: 24 h

**Sodium chloride**:
- **Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 5,840 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4,136 mg/l
### Temozolomide Injection Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
<th>EC50: &gt; 2,000 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
<th>EC10: &gt; 1,000 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)</th>
<th>NOEC: 252 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 33 d</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</th>
<th>NOEC: 314 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 21 d</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Temozolomide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): &gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 96 h</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 48 h</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
<th>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 90 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 72 h</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
<th>EC50: &gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Exposure time: 3 h</td>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Persistence and degradability

**Components:**

**Citric acid:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
<th>Result: Readily biodegradable.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biodegradation:</td>
<td>97 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>28 d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method:</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 301B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Temozolomide:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Biodegradability</th>
<th>Result: rapidly degradable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Biodegradation:</td>
<td>83 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>35 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): < 1 d

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Citric acid:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.72

Temozolomide:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.35

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
Not applicable for product as supplied.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS : not determined
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Temozolomide Injection Formulation

Version 7.0 Revision Date: 22.03.2021 SDS Number: 27568-00019 Date of last issue: 16.10.2020

Date of first issue: 03.11.2014

DSL : not determined
IECSC : not determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet:

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

Date format: dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; ICS0 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardisation; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philppines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be
considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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