SAFETY DATA SHEET

Timolol / Dorzolamide Formulation

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Timolol / Dorzolamide Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier's details
Company name of supplier: MSD
Address: 2000 Galloping Hill Road
Kenilworth - New Jersey - U.S.A. 07033
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@msd.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification
Reproductive toxicity: Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: Category 1 (Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system, Gastrointestinal tract, Lungs)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs (Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system, Gastrointestinal tract, Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements
Prevention: P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response: P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Storage: P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mixture</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dorzolamide</td>
<td>130693-82-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate</td>
<td>26921-17-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 0.1 - &lt; 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice: In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact: Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.
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Specific hazards during fire fighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Sulfur oxides
- Hydrogen chloride

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or oil barriers).
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container.
- Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSVENAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation:
- Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling:
- Do not breathe mist or vapors.
- Do not swallow.
- Avoid contact with eyes.
- Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Hygiene measures:
If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
The effective operation of a facility should include review of engineering controls, proper personal protective equipment, appropriate degowning and decontamination procedures, industrial hygiene monitoring, medical surveillance and the use of administrative controls.

Conditions for safe storage:
Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents
- Organic peroxides
- Explosives
- Gases

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dorzolamide</td>
<td>130693-82-2</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Eye</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate</td>
<td>26921-17-5</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>10 µg/m³ (OEB 3)</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Further information: Eye, Skin</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>100 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Engineering measures:
Use appropriate engineering controls and manufacturing technologies to control airborne concentrations (e.g., drip-less quick connections).
All engineering controls should be implemented by facility design and operated in accordance with GMP principles to protect products, workers, and the environment.
Containment technologies suitable for controlling compounds are required to control at source and to prevent migration of the compound to uncontrolled areas (e.g., open-face containment devices).
Minimize open handling.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date:</th>
<th>SDS Number:</th>
<th>Date of last issue:</th>
<th>Date of first issue:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- **Filter type**: Particulates type

**Hand protection**
- **Material**: Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**
- Consider double gloving.

**Eye protection**
- Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.
- If the work environment or activity involves dusty conditions, mists or aerosols, wear the appropriate goggles.
- Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.

**Skin and body protection**
- Work uniform or laboratory coat.
- Additional body garments should be used based upon the task being performed (e.g., sleevelets, apron, gauntlets, disposable suits) to avoid exposed skin surfaces.
- Use appropriate degowning techniques to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Appearance</strong></td>
<td>liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Color</strong></td>
<td>colorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odor</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odor Threshold</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pH</strong></td>
<td>5.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Melting point/freezing point</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Initial boiling point and boiling range</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flash point</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Evaporation rate</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flammability (solid, gas)</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flammability (liquids)</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vapor pressure</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Relative vapor density : No data available
Relative density : 1.02
Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid : None known.
Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method
Components:

Dorzolamide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,927 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 1,320 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: Remarks: No data available
Acute dermal toxicity: Remarks: No data available

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 1,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Mouse): 1,140 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LD50 (Mouse): 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Intraperitoneal
LD50 (Mouse): 800 mg/kg
Application Route: Subcutaneous

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Species: Rabbit
Method: Draize Test
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Species: Monkey
Result: Mild eye irritation

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Species: Dog
Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization
Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.
Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Test Type: Maximization Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Result: Weak sensitizer

Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Chromosomal aberration
Result: negative

Test Type: Alkaline elution assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster fibroblasts
Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo:
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Species: Rat, male
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: negative
Remarks: The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in humans.

Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 21 month(s)
Result: negative

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 2 Years
LOAEL: 300 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Target Organs: Adrenal gland
Remarks: The significance of these findings for humans is not certain.

Species: Mouse, female
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 18 Months
LOAEL: 500 mg/kg body weight
Result: negative
Target Organs: Lungs, Mammary gland, Uterus (including cervix)
Remarks: The significance of these findings for humans is not certain.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Fertility
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Fertility: NOAEL: 7.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 1 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

Test Type: Development
Species: Rabbit
Application Route: Oral
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 2.5 mg/kg body weight
Result: Embryotoxic effects and adverse effects on the
offspring were detected only at high maternally toxic doses

**(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:**

**Effects on fertility**
- Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Oral
- Fertility: NOAEL Mating/Fertility: 150 mg/kg body weight
- Early Embryonic Development: NOAEL F1: 150 mg/kg body weight

**Effects on fetal development**
- Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
- Species: Rabbit
- Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL F1: 50 mg/kg body weight
- Result: Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**Reproductive toxicity - Assessment**
- Some evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

**STOT-single exposure**
Not classified based on available information.

**STOT-repeated exposure**
Causes damage to organs (Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system, Gastrointestinal tract, Lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Product:**
- **Target Organs**
  - Cardio-vascular system, Central nervous system, Gastrointestinal tract, Lungs
- **Assessment**
  - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Components:**

**Dorzolamide:**
- **Target Organs**
  - Central nervous system, Gastrointestinal tract, Bone, Blood, Bladder
- **Assessment**
  - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:**
- **Target Organs**
  - Lungs, Cardio-vascular system
- **Assessment**
  - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Repeated dose toxicity**

**Components:**

**Dorzolamide:**
- **Species**
  - Rat
- **NOAEL**
  - 0.05 mg/kg
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Application Route: Oral
Target Organs: Bladder, Kidney

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg
LOAEL: 2 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 1 y
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Bone, Blood

Species: Monkey
NOAEL: 0.05 mg/kg
Exposure time: 1 y
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract, Bone, Blood

(S)-3-[(3-[(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 25 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 67 Weeks

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 54 Weeks
Target Organs: Kidney

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Product:
Eye contact: Symptoms: The most common side effects are: biter taste, burning or stinging of the eye, Blurred vision, Abdominal pain, Dizziness, digestive disorder, eye pain, Headache, hypertension, Nausea, upper respiratory tract infection

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Eye contact: Symptoms: burning or stinging of the eye, Blurred vision, tearing, asthenia, bitter taste, Nausea, dry mouth, Headache

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Eye contact: Symptoms: burning or stinging of the eye, dryness of the eyes, Headache, Nausea, Dizziness, dry mouth, changes in libido, hair loss, Allergic reactions
Ingestion: Symptoms: Headache, Fatigue, Respiratory disorders, Gastrointestinal discomfort, Allergic reactions, Rash, hair loss, altered mental status, Dizziness, changes in libido
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 699 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50 (Natural microorganism): > 800 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Toxicity to fish:
LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 411 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 161 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to microorganisms:
EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: Respiration inhibition
EC50 (Photobacterium phosphoreum): > 1,800 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Biodegradability: Result: not rapidly degradable
Biodegradation: 5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 30 d

Stability in water: Hydrolysis: 0 % (61 d)
Method: FDA 3.09
Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Dorzolamide:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 0.292

(S)-3-[3-(tert-butylamino)-2-hydroxypropoxy]-4-morpholino-1,2,5-thiadiazole monomaleate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.48

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NOM-002-SCT
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Special precautions for user
Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Federal Law for the control of chemical precursors, essential chemical products and machinery for producing capsules, tablets and pills: Not applicable
The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- **AICS**: not determined
- **DSL**: not determined
- **IECSC**: not determined

**SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Full text of other abbreviations**

- **AICIC**: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; **ANTT**: National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; **ASTM**: American Society for the Testing of Materials; **bw**: Body weight; **CMR**: Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; **DIN**: Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; **DSL**: Domestic Substances List (Canada); **ECx**: Concentration associated with x% response; **ELx**: Loading rate associated with x% response; **EmS**: Emergency Schedule; **ENCS**: Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); **ErCx**: Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; **ERG**: Emergency Response Guide; **GHS**: Globally Harmonized System; **GLP**: Good Laboratory Practice; **IARC**: International Agency for Research on Cancer; **IATA**: International Air Transport Association; **IBC**: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; **IC50**: Half maximal inhibitory concentration; **ICAO**: International Civil Aviation Organization; **IECSC**: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; **IMDG**: International Maritime Dangerous Goods; **IMO**: International Maritime Organization; **ISHL**: Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); **ISO**: International Organisation for Standardisation; **KECI**: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; **LC50**: Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; **LD50**: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); **MARPOL**: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; **n.o.s.**: Not Otherwise Specified; **Nch**: Chilean Norm; **NO(A)EC**: No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; **NO(A)EL**: No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; **NOELR**: No Observable Effect Loading Rate; **NOM**: Official Mexican Norm; **NTP**: National Toxicology Program; **NZIoC**: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; **OECD**: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; **OPPTS**: Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; **PBT**: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; **PICCS**: Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; **(Q)SAR**: (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; **REACH**: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; **SADT**: Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; **SDS**: Safety Data Sheet; **TCSI**: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; **TDG**: Transportation of Dangerous Goods; **TSCA**: Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); **UN**: United Nations; **UNRTDG**: United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; **vPvB**: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; **WHMIS**: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


**Revision Date**: 16.10.2020
The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

MX / Z8