SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

Vorinostat Formulation

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Vorinostat Formulation

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier: Merck & Co., Inc
Address: 126 E. Lincoln Avenue
Rahway, New Jersey U.S.A. 07065
Telephone: 908-740-4000
Emergency telephone: 1-908-423-6000
E-mail address: EHSDATASTEWARD@merck.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use: Pharmaceutical
Restrictions on use: Not applicable

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Combustible dust
Germ cell mutagenicity: Category 2
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Oral): Category 1 (Blood, thymus gland, Bone marrow, spleen, Gastro-intestinal tract)

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms: 

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: If small particles are generated during further processing, handling or by other means, may form combustible dust concentrations in air.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Blood, thymus gland, Bone marrow, spleen, Gastrointestinal tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Precautionary Statements: Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust. 
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. 
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. 
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection. 

Response: 
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. 

Storage: 
P405 Store locked up. 

Disposal: 
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant. 

Other hazards 
Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. 
Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. 

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance / Mixture</th>
<th>Mixture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vorinostat</td>
<td>149647-78-9</td>
<td>&gt;= 50 - &lt; 70</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret. 

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES 

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. 
When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. 

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. 
Get medical attention. 

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. 
Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. 
Get medical attention. 
Wash clothing before reuse. 
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. 

In case of eye contact : If in eyes, rinse well with water. 
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. 

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. 
Get medical attention. 
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. 

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Suspected of causing genetic defects. 
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. 
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
exposure if swallowed. Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting: Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard. Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Metal oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment. Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and
disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: Static electricity may accumulate and ignite suspended dust causing an explosion. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Local/Total ventilation: If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Advice on safe handling: Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment. Keep container tightly closed. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labeled containers. Store locked up. Keep tightly closed. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid: Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents Self-reactive substances and mixtures Organic peroxides Explosives Gases

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

inert or nuisance dust

50 Million particles per cubic foot

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)
Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 mg/m³

Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (total dust)
Basis: OSHA Z-3
SAFETY DATA SHEET
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Vorinostat Formulation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vorinostat</td>
<td>149647-78-9</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 µg/m³</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Wipe limit</td>
<td>50 µg/100 cm²</td>
<td>Internal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cellulose</td>
<td>9004-34-6</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total dust)</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (respirable fraction)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Engineering measures:
Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
Apply measures to prevent dust explosions.
Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).
If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust ventilation.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection:
General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

5 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)
Basis: OSHA Z-3

15 Million particles per cubic foot
Value type (Form of exposure): TWA (respirable fraction)
Basis: OSHA Z-3

Dust, nuisance dust and particulates
10 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (Total dust)
Basis: CAL PEL

5 mg/m³
Value type (Form of exposure): PEL (respirable dust fraction)
Basis: CAL PEL
Hand protection

Material 
: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks 
: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection 
: Wear the following personal protective equipment:
  Safety goggles

Skin and body protection 
: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
  Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures 
: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
  When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
  Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance 
: powder

Color 
: No data available

Odor 
: odorless

Odor Threshold 
: No data available

pH 
: No data available

Melting point/freezing point 
: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range 
: No data available

Flash point 
: No data available

Evaporation rate 
: No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) 
: May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.

Flammability (liquids) 
: No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit 
: No data available
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Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
Vapor pressure: No data available
Relative vapor density: No data available
Density: No data available
Solubility(ies)
  Water solubility: No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: No data available
Autoignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity
  Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
  Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
Explosive properties: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight: No data available
Particle size: No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions
  May form explosive dust-air mixture during processing, handling or other means.
  Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.
  Avoid dust formation.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.
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<td>04/04/2023</td>
<td>01/06/2015</td>
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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure
Inhalation
Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Acute oral toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: 3,788 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Components:

Vorinostat:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Mouse): > 2,000 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat): > 750 mg/kg
Acute toxicity (other routes of administration): LDLo (Mouse): 1,250 mg/kg
Application Route: Intravenous
Exposure time: 4 h

Cellulose:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Vorinostat:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Vorinostat:
Species: Bovine cornea
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Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Vorinostat:
Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Mouse
Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Germ cell mutagenicity
Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Components:

Vorinostat:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Test system: Human lymphocytes
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment
Positive result(s) from in vivo mammalian somatic cell mutagenicity tests.

Cellulose:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  

Carcinogenicity  
Not classified based on available information.  

Components:  

Cellulose:  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Exposure time: 72 weeks  
Result: negative  

IARC  
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.  

OSHA  
No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA’s list of regulated carcinogens.  

NTP  
No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.  

Reproductive toxicity  
May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.  

Components:  

Vorinostat:  
Effects on fertility:  
Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat, female  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Preimplantation loss., Increased resorptions.  

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat, male  
Application Route: Oral  
Fertility: NOAEL: 150 mg/kg body weight  
Result: No effects on fertility.  

Effects on fetal development:  
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  
Result: positive  

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
Result: positive
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 150 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Embryotoxic effects.

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Oral  
Developmental Toxicity: LOAEL: 15 mg/kg body weight  
Result: Malformations were observed.

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments. Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

Cellulose:  
Effects on fertility: Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative

STOT-single exposure  
Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure  
Causes damage to organs (Blood, thymus gland, Bone marrow, spleen, Gastrointestinal tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed.

Components:  

Vorinostat:  
Routes of exposure: Ingestion  
Target Organs: Blood, thymus gland, Bone marrow, spleen, Gastrointestinal tract  
Assessment: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
SAFETY DATA SHEET
according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

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Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Vorinostat:
Species: Rat
LOAEL: 20 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Months
Target Organs: Blood, thymus gland, Bone marrow, spleen

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 60 mg/kg
LOAEL: 160 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 6 Months
Target Organs: Gastrointestinal tract

Species: Dog
NOAEL: 40 mg/kg
LOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Target Organs: Blood

Cellulose:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 9,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Experience with human exposure

Components:

Vorinostat:
Ingestion: Symptoms: Diarrhea, Fatigue, Nausea, anorexia

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Vorinostat:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
- EC50 (Americamysis): 7.4 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

- EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.183 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.011 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1.5 mg/l
  Exposure time: 33 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.15 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:

- EC50: > 1,000 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Test Type: Respiration inhibition

Cellulose:

- Toxicity to fish:
  LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Vorinostat:

- Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
  Biodegradation: 39.5 %
  Exposure time: 28 d
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 314

Cellulose:

- Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:**

**Vorinostat:**
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 1.42

**Mobility in soil**

**Components:**

**Vorinostat:**
Distribution among environmental compartments: log Koc: 3.37

**Other adverse effects**
No data available

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**SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods**
Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

---

**SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**

**UN number:** UN 3077
**Proper shipping name:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Vorinostat)

**Class:** 9
**Packing group:** III
**Labels:** 9
**Environmentally hazardous:** yes

**IATA-DGR**

**UN/ID No.:** UN 3077
**Proper shipping name:** Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Vorinostat)

**Class:** 9
**Packing group:** III
**Labels:** Miscellaneous
**Packing instruction (cargo aircraft):** 956
**Packing instruction (passenger aircraft):** 956
**Environmentally hazardous:** yes
IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Vorinostat)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation
49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Vorinostat)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes (Vorinostat)
Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters.
Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Combustible dust
Germ cell mutagenicity
Reproductive toxicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)
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Date of first issue: 01/06/2015

SARA 313: This material does not contain any chemical components with
known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis)
reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations
Pennsylvania Right To Know
Vorinostat: 149647-78-9
Cellulose: 9004-34-6
Croscarmellose sodium: 74811-65-7

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants
Cellulose: 9004-34-6

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:
AICS: not determined
DSL: not determined
IECSC: not determined

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:
\[
\begin{array}{c|c|c|c}
\text{Flammability} & 0 & 1 & 2 \\
\hline
\text{Health} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
\text{Instability} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\end{array}
\]

HMIS® IV:

\[
\begin{array}{c|c|c|c}
\text{HEALTH} & * & 3 & 3 \\
\hline
\text{FLAMMABILITY} & 3 & & \\
\text{PHYSICAL HAZARD} & 0 & & \\
\end{array}
\]

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal haz-
ards or risks, and 4 representing signifi-
cant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "" represents
the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations
ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CAL PEL: California permissible exposure limits for chemical contami-
nants (Title 8, Article 107)
NIOSH REL: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-
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</table>

its for Air Contaminants
OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CAL PEL / PEL : Permissible exposure limit
NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RO - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative


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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and
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